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# FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER

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OLD SERIES—VOL. LXIV—NO 3,302 FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, AUGUST 17, 1899. NEW SERIES—VOL. XVI—NO. 852

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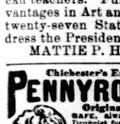
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Yes, it is the index to health. If you have bad blood you are likely to learn that you have Rheumatism, one of the most horrible diseases to which mankind is heir. If this disease has just begun its work, or if you have been afflicted for years you should at once take the wonderful new cure,

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Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn., with twelve million dollars of assets, calls your attention to the fact that it has paid three losses lately, from this agency, caused by LIGHTNING, and reminds you that the danger from lightning at this season of the year is almost as great as from wind in March. You can get your lightning insurance along with your fire policy without additional cost, and a Tornado policy at very low rates.
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## RE-SALE OF LAND.

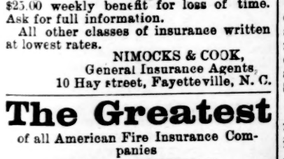
Under an order of the Superior Court, made this day in McLellan, Administrator, *vs.* S. P. Denning *et al*, the undersigned will offer for sale, at Godwin, N. C., on Saturday,

**September 2nd,**

at 2 o'clock P. M., what is known as the Denning lot;
And on Saturday,

**September 9th,**

at Wade, N. C., at 2 o'clock P. M., one lot in Wade known as the Denning lot and Seventy-four acres lying near Wade, known as the Bowden residence.
Terms of sale cash or on credit, as made known on day of sale.
C. C. McLELLAN, Commissioner.
C. W. BROADFOOT, Att'y.
August 1, 1899.




CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

### THE SOUTH AGAINST THE WAR.

True to her traditions, the South is against the war which the administration is waging upon the unoffending Filipinos, lately our allies in the war against Spain. At least that is now given out as definitely ascertained by the reports of the government recruiting officers. Yesterday's New York Herald contains the following from its Washington correspondent:

"Probably because of the sentiment existing in the South against the war in the Philippines, the War Department has found that it will be impossible to fill the two regiments that are being organized at Fort McPherson, Ga., and Fort Sam Houston, Texas, with Southern recruits. The recruiting officers at Fort McPherson have succeeded in enlisting only 635 men, while those at Fort Sam Houston have obtained but 549 men. Orders will, therefore, be issued directing that Northern and Western men be drafted into these regiments until the complement is obtained. The Department has not obtained a more satisfactory reason for the unwillingness of Southerners to enter the army than the sentiment which appears to exist against continuing the struggle to suppress the revolt in the Philippines."

What a noble rebuke that is from the American part of the Union to the Huns and Goths of this modern American "Republic." Except for the hordes of Continental European immigrants, alien to the freedom loving Anglo-Saxon in almost every respect, who spread over the Northern section of this country, there would have been no war for over-riding the Constitution in 1861.

When the call to arms was made, fifteen months ago, to help the struggling Cubans against the tyranny of Spain, the sons of those who fought against the Northern violators of the Constitution, thirty-odd years ago, were true to their traditions, and rushed forward by thousands to the defense of the right. Their action now is but a tribute to their training. It is reassuring to know that this disloyal administration will find no willing tools of tyranny in the South.

### "MILITARISM"—AND A BIT OF CONSTITUTIONAL GRAMMAR.

Under the title "Militarism" the New York Sun contains the following:

Our esteemed Bryanite contemporary, the Buffalo Times, has been looking at "Militarism" again and has been properly horrified thereby.

"Militarism is the antithesis of Democracy. Which will the people have?

They will have both, and democracy must be able to protect itself just as a monarchy must, by means of a trained army and navy. It cannot fight by means of town meetings and county conventions or beat an enemy with resolutions. The men who grow the most purple in denouncing the autocrats and satraps of the army and navy are usually the men who, in any controversy of the United States with a foreign power, are the fiercest for war. They want war, but they are unwilling that the nation should have the means by which alone war can be waged successfully.

Everybody knows these gentlemen, Democrats and Populists. Their voices are heard in Congress and on the stump, insulting the officers of the army and navy, denouncing "militarism" and shuddering at standing armies. The denunciation and the shuddering are even now going on in Democratic conventions. This, after a war in which both branches of the service have endeared themselves to the people by their high capability and brilliant daring! In a country conscious of its strength and justly expecting to bear no ignoble part in the great race for commerce and influence in the East, these protests against "militarism" and standing armies are as futile as belated. Is this Bryan or Gorman, or is it old John Randolph, squeaking against despotism and the War of 1812?

"Militarism" means an establishment, military and naval, adequate to the needs of the United States of 1899. "Standing armies" means a well-disciplined, well-equipped, well-organized army. The men who object to these necessary appliances of a great modern power are welcome to live on acorns and run wild in woods. The United States is going ahead.

It would be difficult to compress more disloyalty to our institutions into the same space. Not content with advocating everything that the fathers declaimed against, this apostle of the new gospel winds up by doing violence to the very letter of the Constitution itself. The United States "is"! What is to become of our metropolitan masses if such are their teachers?

### Bright Sayings from the Tarboro Southerner.

Judge Simonton as a tax assessor strengthens the Democratic plank against government by injunction.

Those self-styled Democrats who deserted their party in 1896, or refused to vote for Mr. Bryan, will scarcely be permitted to frame the next platform or select the nominee.

A gold Democrat is one who tries to run the Democratic party at the primaries and then votes the republican ticket at the election. No doubt they do this for the honor of the thing.

The National Democratic party is not likely to select as their nominee a man whose State dodges the national platform. The Democracy not only has no apology to offer for its principles, but it also is not ashamed of them.

A dodger on the Chicago platform and a prompter of Van Wyck's presidential aspirations says that he is sure that Mr. Bryan would decline to run if he imperilled the party's success. This is probably true of Mr. Bryan, but to every sincere Democrat Mr. Bryan imperils the party's success less than any one, certainly less than Van Wyck or Gorman.

### THE BEST PRESCRIPTION FOR CHILLS
and fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. Never fails to cure, then why experiment with worthless imitations? Price 50 cents. Your money back if it fails to cure.

### HON. DAN HUGH McLEAN'S ADDRESS.

FELLOW SOLDIERS, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

I thank my distinguished and gifted friend for his kind and graceful words; but I must not forget that the picture he has drawn is colored by friendship's partial hand, and not by the artist's—loyal to truth and fact. If the time ever comes when I shall deserve one half of what he has so eloquently said of me, I will feel that I have not lived in vain.

Fellow soldiers, in the course of my somewhat protracted and eventful life, through the kindness of my people, a great many good things have come to me to lighten life's heavy burden, and to brighten the shadows that at one time or another gather around us all; but I can say of a truth that I stand this moment in the midst of the happiest occasion of my life; for to be permitted to speak to this vast assemblage of the good people of Cumberland county, on this occasion, when the sweet, sad memories of the past come sweeping over us, speaking to our hearts of all that is good and noble and great in our natures—when the manly grasp of the hand and the moistened eye, as we meet the friends and comrades of the camp and field, remind us that memory is busy, not with the present, but with the things of the past—that past so full of anguish, and yet so full of glory. To be permitted to speak to you amidst these surroundings of the private Confederate soldier, that type of man who illustrated in his life and character the highest perfection of Anglo-Saxon manhood, might well fill the measure of any man's ambition, and is an honor that I will remember with a lasting gratitude.

THE PRIVATE CONFEDERATE SOLDIER, his antecedents, his character and the influence of his life, will be my theme.

But, oh! how weak and insufficient are any words that I can employ to fitly portray the character of the Southern soldier of 1861!

I wish I could invoke the gifts of speech of some of the men of Cumberland's mighty past, while I dwell upon this subject so dear and precious to us all.

I have come empty handed as to any offering of oratory worthy of this audience or the subject of my address, but I have come to lay upon the altar of southern chivalry and of southern valor, the sacrifices of a loyal heart—the highest tribute that gratitude can offer to virtue and patriotism.

Fellow Citizens, the early history of your grand old county so full of thrilling incident, historic events and poetic tradition has reflected a halo of romantic glory around the County of Cumberland, which neither the lapse of years nor the mutations of time have dimmed, but which grows brighter as the years go by.

The early history of every people has always been of deep concern to them. The ancient Jews, the chosen people of God, were proud that they were the sons of Abraham and of Isaac and of Jacob. The ancient Romans gloried in the tradition that Romulus, the founder of the City of the Cæsars, was of divine origin—in every age, and in every clime, pride of ancestry has been the characteristic of men and of nations: so we are proud of our parentage; for the people whom I address today, are the descendants of as noble an ancestry as ever worshipped in the temples of the living God, or ever spilled their blood that their children might be free.

Not more than a stone's throw from where I stand, there once lived a woman who was a type of the people of whom I speak. She lived to set an example to the world of female courage, of queenly bearing and Christian fortitude that is born only of the highest patriotism and the purest religion, the same principles that refine and ennoble the people of the Cape Fear region today—hence we hold Flora McDonald and the generation in which she lived in the most sacred remembrance. They worshipped in no temples save those dedicated to God, nor bowed at any shrine save the altars erected to liberty.

'Tis of some of the descendants of this matchless people I have come to speak—*the Confederate private*. Poets in rythmic numbers, and orators in entrancing periods have vied with each other in rendering immortal in story and song, the prowess and courage of the Confederate chieftains who led our armies to victory and emblazoned their names upon the brightest pages of imperishable history—but the private soldiers who made those victories possible are not mentioned by the heralds, as they proclaim the story that makes the Confederate soldier the wonder and the admiration of the world. The poet correspondent of the Charleston News and Courier illustrated this idea when, in 1861, he wrote his song:

All quiet along the Potomac tonight,
Except now and then a stray picket
Is shot on his beat as he walks to and fro,
By a rifleman hid in the thicket.
Not an officer lost, only one of the men,
'Twill not count in the news of the battle;
Not an officer lost, only one of the men,
Breathing out all alone the death rattle.

We need not consider that this has always been so—for history has no parallel—there has been but one type of the Confederate private—there has never been another instance of the private soldier being the equal, aye often the superior, of his commanding officer except in military rank.

Of the Confederate private might it be said, as was said of the rank and file of the old Fayetteville Independent Company nearly a century ago by a distinguished statesman of our State that there was not one of them, but could have stood by Cæsar and given command to the Roman Legions in the conquest of the world.

I would not if I could, pluck one star from the crowns of immortality with which a grateful country has wreathed the brows of the Confederate chieftains. No, no, the world will never look upon their like again. Lee and Jackson, Beauregard and Johnston, Ramseur, Pender, Pettigrew, Branch, and Hill, these are some of the names that cannot die, but will live through the ages; but let us not forget the man who wore the cartridge box and carried the musket, for 'twas he who watched whilst his officer slept; 'twas his mighty grasp that kept our flag unfurled; 'twas his matchless courage that kept the star of the Confederacy ablaze in the firmament of nations; 'twas he who kept his sleepless vigils around the ark of the covenant of southern independence. All honor, all glory, then be ascribed to the Confederate private, whether he be living or dead. If dead, cherish and revere his memory; if living, ascribe to him all honor and distinction, for they are his by right divine. No love of glory, no hope of fame animated his heart or nerved his arm midst the fire and storm of battle. If he fell, he knew 'twould not count in the news of the battle, but 'twas his love of country, his devotion to principle, and the blue blood of a patrician ancestry, that impelled and sustained him through all the trials and sacrifices of that terrible struggle that made him what he was—the highest type of Anglo Saxon manhood.

It took generations to make the Confederate soldier. When God sent the white man to possess this country, to develop and adorn it, to civilize and christianize it, and to make it what it was in 1861—the ideal land for man's abode, he gave to those of the south a soil and climate unexcelled in all the earth. Italy had no brighter skies, Ceylon no more balmy breezes, Switzerland no mountains more grand and imposing, the valley of the Nile no soil more fertile. The resources of all nature seemed to have been taxed to bless and glorify this beloved south land of ours with all that could make it the perfect home of man. In the midst of these surroundings there grew up a manhood and a womanhood unique and peculiar, abounding in all those qualities of body, mind and heart, that make man the image of his Maker.

They were warm-hearted, generous and brave; they loved liberty and integrity more than they loved money; they loved their country because it was their home, and because with its dust was mingled the ashes of their ancestors, from whose loins they sprang, and whose virtues they strove to emulate. They loved the daughters of their own south land because they were as beautiful as the morning and as pure as they were fair. Unlike their money-getting neighbors of the North, they made no compromise with principle for profit. They knew no such thing as physical fear, as the mean and low-born only are cowards. Neither agnostic nor unbeliever found a welcome within their borders, for their faith in God was the chief rock upon which their social system was founded. They were jealous of their rights under the Constitution and laws of their country because they did not interfere with rights of others; they lived up to the full measure of what Cicero declared was good citizenship. They lived honorably, they hurt nobody and rendered to every man his own. These were some of the characteristics of the people from whom the Confederate private descended. Was he worthy of his royal descent? let the story of his achievements answer. Was the Southern private a patriot? Is not patriotism love of country, and did not the Confederate private love his own southland, aye as the highlander loves his lochs and brays, as the Switzer loves his Alpine heights and his mountain vales, as Caleb, the son of Zephania, loved Hebron, the home of Jacob, so the southron loved his sunny home. No wonder then when the shrill blast of the bugle call to arms was heard, when he was called to drive the invader from his land, that he was instantly transformed from the law abiding, peace loving citizen to the full stature of a soldier. Not the machine of discipline, like the Old Guard of Napoleon or the Legions of Cæsar, but the patriot soldier, who was willing to die that his country might live.

That anything but success awaited upon the field of battle, and that fate had in store for his country anything but final and complete success never occurred to him; he knew his strength, he felt that his cause was just, and hence he had that confidence which springs from a consciousness of right; and so, fellow soldiers, I say that, as the result of his antecedents, as the result of his surroundings, as the result of his parentage, his education and his traditions, the Confederate private stood forth in 1861 without a counterpart, unique and peculiar from all the warriors of history ancient or modern. But alas! alas! the type of manhood to which he belonged has ceased from the face of the earth.

Like the giants of a perished age, his like is not to be found. The conditions that made him have changed, and the generation that succeeds him has changed.

Even his surviving comrades, who are still with us, are not the same, for have they not learned the bitter lesson that circumstances may exist that will compel a Southron to yield to a superior power, a lesson that the chivalrous Confederate of 1861 had never dreamed of.

I do not intend to depreciate the present generation of brave men and fair women who people the land of the Confederate private. No, no! they are perfect in all that is good and great as he was, but they are of a different growth, because the conditions and influences that surrounded him were different from those that surround us to day. Hence I have said that we will not look upon his like again.

Was the Confederate private brave as well as patriotic? Let even his enemies answer for him. See him at Manassas, at Seven Pines, at Sharpsburg, at Chancellorsville; aye, see him upon more than 2,000 fields of blood; stand with bated breath and watch him ascend Cemetery Heights, Culp's Hill, those whirlpools of blood, those craters of death, and answer yes, he was the bravest of the brave.

But fate had decreed that the Confederate private should suffer in vain, should die in vain; but we must remember that "God moves in a mysterious way his wonders to perform," and we dare not doubt but that the furling of the southern flag and the burial of the hopes of the Confederate private was best.

He permits not a sparrow to fall to the ground without His care, and so it was decreed in the Councils of Heaven that two Republics with different systems of laws and institutions so repugnant to each other as those of the North and the South, could not live together, separated only by an imaginary line, and who can doubt the wisdom and goodness of this decree.

But Fellow Soldiers and Fellow Citizens, we have the memory of the Confederate Private left to us, to honor and to cherish. We have the example of his splendid manhood, and his purity of purpose, and are not they a priceless inheritance. Let us walk in his footsteps, let us emulate his princely example, if we would be worthy to be his countrymen.

As the Confederate Private was willing to die for his country, so we should strive to live for its honor and glory.

The Union of Washington and Jefferson still lives; the flag that waved over our fathers at Yorktown and Guilford Court House is still our flag—let us stand beneath its folds with strong arms and loyal hearts, and keep it free from dishonor. It is the flag of the free and our country is the home of the brave, and it should never be made to float over any land or people as the emblem of tyranny or oppression.

It was never designed to be the banner of Conquest or the flag of Empire, but its broad folds should cover the oppressed of all the earth who seek shelter beneath it.

Fellow Soldiers, we have met to renew old acquaintances, to talk of battles fought, of victories won. We are here to tell a new generation of their country's mighty past—that they are the sons and daughters of the greatest people who ever graced the earth—let them be proud of their lineage, for no nobler blood ever coursed the veins of kings or sovereigns of the earth, than that which has been transmitted to them by the dead and living Confederate Private. Let us then ascribe to the heroes of the lost cause, all honor and glory—let us see to it that their country is not ungrateful—let homes be built for him where his declining years may be spent in ease and comfort. This will be no work of charity but a debt of the highest dignity and the most sacred obligation, for did he not brave all, suffer all for us? Did he not give the strength of his young manhood and the spring time of his life for us? Did he not march like the Bridegroom to the marriage feast wherever the path of duty led, and shall we withhold from him anything within our power to give? If so, we are unworthy to claim to be his countrymen.

Let us cherish the memory of our dead, those immortal spirits who made death beautiful by the sacrifice of their noble lives for a cause they could not save, but to which they were ever loyal, even to the moment when the death damp, and the terrible palor of death gathered over their noble brows.

Let their epitaphs be written upon the tablets of our hearts where they can never fade, and let us tell our children and our children's children that they were patriots who deserve the veneration and reverence of their countrymen to the remotest generation. Fellow Soldiers of Cumberland County, you have a great deal to remember with pride, facts which should be preserved in the unyielding embrace of written history. You sent 24 companies to the Southern armies; it was your good fortune to participate in the first battle of the war and to fire the last shot at Appomattox. Proud and glorious record; more to be valued by your children than all the gold of Ophir, or all the pearls of the sea.

Fellow citizens, if all this be true of our Southern manhood, what tongue can describe the heroism of our Southern womanhood? That womanhood that made the Southern manhood I have just described possible. In prosperity and adversity, in victory and defeat, in wealth or poverty, she has been our guardian angel. Smiling her proud approval upon us in victory, and mingling her tears with ours in defeat, 'twas her loving hands that gathered the ashes of our heroes up from their cold graves in strange lands and brought them back to be received into the warm and sunny bosom of the land they loved so well. Happy, thrice happy, the land that can claim such a womanhood as the daughters of the South, as chaste and pure as gold, as constant as the stars, and as beautiful as the glory of the morning, they stand forth without a type or counterpart in all the earth.

Fellow soldiers, fellow citizens, my task is done. I thank you again and again for the honor of this day. I will remember it with pleasure while I live. I meet some here today that I will not meet again, the lengthening shadows remind us that the day is far spent, and that we all must soon be remembered by our countrymen as we remember those who already have answered the roll-call beyond the skies.

In our ranks the reaper is still at his fateful work; day by day our ranks are being decimated by a foe more certain and inexorable than any we met midst the fire and storm of battle, but I am assured that if you be as loyal to God as you have been to your country, there remains for each one of you as he answers the last reveille a crown of glory whose lustre outshines the brightness of the stars and whose duration will be eternal.

### Bryan the Terror of the McKinley "Democrats."

Wilmington Messenger.

It is pitiful to read the poor, paltry attempts of democratic papers that supported McKinley to depreciate Colonel Bryan. He is the rock of their stumbling in politics.

### Legalized Primaries.

Winston Sentinel.

After the constitutional amendment has been adopted, we believe the people will demand the legalized primary. Ring rule, as well as negro rule, should become a back number in North Carolina. The primary is the best plan to circumvent the political boss and put the people in control of their own affairs.

### Bryan's Genius.

Asheville Citizen.

Elsewhere in The Citizen today is printed W. J. Bryan's ideas concerning the duties of this government towards the Philippines. Mr. Bryan can express himself with a fluency, a clearness and a terseness that amounts to genius.

### That Throbbing Headache
Would quickly leave you if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son druggist.

## WOMAN'S HOPE
The only hope for many weakly women is
**Bradfield's Female Regulator**

It is the one safe and sure cure in all stubborn and severe cases of Profuse, Irregular, Scanty or Painful Menstruation, Falling of the Womb, Leucorrhœa, Headache, Backache and Nervousness. It is a distinct remedy for the distinct ailments called "female troubles." These are the diseases for which it should be taken. $1 a bottle at drug stores.
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FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE 50c. PER BOTTLE.

### The Firemen's Rumpus.

A number of the State papers have been filled for the past week with crimination and recrimination over the late Firemen's Tournament at Greensboro. It is a matter for satisfaction to the people of Fayetteville that nothing has been said, in this ocean of bad words, to the discredit of our Fayetteville teams—though the press persists in withholding acknowledgment of Fayetteville's victory, the officials making no remonstrance whatever.

A conservative estimate of the effect of the irregular proceedings which have caused so much bad blood is given in the following item from the Raleigh News and Observer of the 9th:

"A Winston Fireman is quoted as saying that in his opinion there will be no more State firemen's tournaments, though the State Association will meet as usual. At Greensboro last week there was much dissatisfaction with the decisions rendered by the committees. Goldsboro complained at Winston and Winston in turn complained at Asheville."

Here are some of the choice things said in the course of the mud slinging referred to:

(Greensboro Record, Aug. 5.)

"We have been robbed," was a large placard on the side of the car containing the New Berne firemen this morning as they left.

From their conduct here—and we hate to say it—they were robbed of all their principles before they ever got here, if they ever had any.

It is the custom in all places to give the firemen the liberty of the city and it was done here, but next time it will be different. Aside from their unreasonable kicking at the races, their conduct was simply outrageous. The good people of New Berne would not stand it two minutes.

(Greensboro Telegram, Aug. 7.)

WENT THROUGH THE STATE VILLIFYING GREENSBORO.

The disgraceful scenes enacted in this city by Newbern and Goldsboro boys as they left town Saturday morning, it seems, were kept up all the way. The Durham Sun referred to the matter and said that the boys were prepared to defend their sign with rocks, etc., as they passed there, and the Sunday morning News and Observer contained the following:

"We Have Been Robbed," was the strange device a piece of white cloth, nailed to the side of a Southern Railway car from Greensboro, bore yesterday.

In the car were the Goldsboro and Newbern fire companies, returning from the state firemen's tournament at Greensboro.

And they were hot—these fire laddies. Not so much because of the weather, but from warmth generated by the fires of indignation burning within them.

"We were robbed, boldly robbed"—a Goldsboro man began.

"Oh, say touched," broke in another.

"Hoodooed, sandbagged," yelled a third.

"No," continued the first man, "Those words are not strong enough. Robbed is the only word that does justice to the occasion. And that's what it was—pure downright robbery."

"Oh, don't be too hard on 'em," said another, "that's all they got—what they took from us—those two reel races. If they'd played fair we'd simply have walked away with everything. As it was we won five prizes."

"We mean that," they yelled, pointing to the piece of cloth flapping its "We've-been-robbed" device in the breeze. And it really looked as if they did, for just above it, at the window sat a big fellow with a watchful eye. In the window were half a dozen large flint rocks and a rusty couplin pin.

"This," he said, patting the largest rock, which surely must have weighed a dozen pounds or more, "is my thirteen-inch gun, and the son of a gun that lays a hostile hand on this sign will catch it where my baby caught the bite. And we kills Winston folk on general principles, wherever we see 'em."

(Greensboro Record, Aug. 7.)

If you think those firemen from New Bern and elsewhere who went down on Saturday morning's train are not tough citizens, ask some of the railroad officials.

Said one of these—"I have had trains loaded with soldiers, white and black; I have hauled all kinds of people, but this crowd took the cake. I never want to be again mixed up with such a set."

This is a pretty tough record, and confirms what the people of Greensboro said of them. Our firemen are like the little fellow the calf ran over—they have nothing to say.

(Greensboro Telegram, Aug. 9.)

A meeting of the fire department was held in firemen's hall last night. * * * A special committee was appointed to draw resolutions denouncing the conduct of the New Bern and Goldsboro firemen while here, the resolutions to be voted upon at next meeting.

(Newbern Foreman in Newbern Journal, Aug. 10.)

The Record does not seem to remember a time, and that of recent date, when the "Good people of New Bern" were called upon "to stand it," and for much more than "two minutes"; but the files of the New Bern paper will disclose no false and malicious charges against the Greensboro Companies, at the time mentioned. * * * If any profanity was used on the course, or in the presence of any ladies, or upon the streets of Greensboro, I much deplore it, as no man can be justified in the use of such language, and if used in the presence of ladies I condemn it severely, and can offer no defense for the individual.

But if this is so, why should the Record attempt to use such isolated cases to reflect upon the companies of New Bern and Goldsboro? The answer suggests itself at once. The threats of the Greensboro boys are being executed. They said they would "fix" New Bern, and the Record and it's aiders and abettors are doing it.

The companies from New Bern and Goldsboro were not excelled in their conduct and deportment by any companies from the State, and if the charge against the Greensboro company's riotous conduct, and ruffianly behaviour to their guests upon the streets of their town, could in any wise effect the defense of our own boys against the false charges, much more "unblushing disregard for decency, and vicious display of temper," could be proven upon them, than is even charged maliciously and falsely against our boys.

(Greensboro Patriot, Aug. 9.)

The action of some of the firemen while in the city and when leaving for home was anything but commendable, though it is said that there was less friction at this tournament than has been known on former occasions. With the exception of the Newbern and Goldsboro companies, the conduct of the visitors was gentlemanly. The members of these companies, or some of them at least, are known as chronic kickers and pursue a kind of "rule or ruin" policy. When they failed to secure some of the best prizes they accused other contestants of treating them unfairly and made themselves very obnoxious. Their conduct at the depot Saturday morning would have brought a blush of shame to the cheek of a jackass. In addition to a liberal and loud use of vulgarity and profanity, many of them were drinking. Before the train left they stretched a banner along the side of the car they occupied bearing these words: "We Have Been Robbed." After throwing away a few empty whisky bottles and gathering up some stones and other missiles to ward off an imaginary attack, they boarded the cars and left Greensboro.

(Wilmington Dispatch, Aug. 10.)

Editor Charles L. Stevens, of the Newbern Journal, is here today. In talking about the firemen's controversy he said that nobody denied that the Newbern and Goldsboro firemen cursed on the track at Greensboro, but they were not the only ones guilty of that charge, and this not the only year the charge could have been made. It would have been all right, too, he said for Greensboro papers to call attention to the profanity in their own columns, but to telegraph the charges to other papers far and near as was done from Greensboro was in his opinion quite uncalled for. He added that Newbern feared it would receive unfair treatment at Greensboro, for at a previous tournament Greensboro had gotten the "sulks" and it was not expected that it had recovered so soon.

### William Waldorf, Jr., an American.

By cable to the Observer.

London, Aug. 11.—William Waldorf Astor's renunciation of American citizenship is confronted by a strong assertion of Americanism by his son, William Waldorf, Jr., who says that his mother was an American, and that he is an American.

NO CURE—NO PAY.
That is the way all druggists sell Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter, nauseating Tonics. Price 50c.

Thomas Rhoads, Centerfield, O., writes: "I suffered from piles seven or eight years. No remedy gave me relief until DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, less than a box of which permanently cured me." Soothing, healing, perfectly harmless. Beware of counterfeits. King Bros.

Rev. J. M. Yingling, pastor of the Bedford Street Methodist church at Cumberland, Md., says: "It affords me much pleasure to recommend Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy. I have used it and know others who have done so. I have never known it to fail. It is a sure cure when taken in time. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.
Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed. 10c, 25c, 50c.

## BAD BLOOD
"CASCARETS do all claimed for them and are a truly wonderful medicine. I have often wished for a medicine pleasant to take and at last have found it in Cascarets. Since taking them my blood has been purified and my complexion has improved wonderfully and I feel much better in every way." MRS. SALLIE E. SELLERS, Laurel, Tenn.
CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER
Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 319
NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.
DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve
Cures Piles. Scalds. Burns.

### NEWBERN'S CONSUMPTION.

Newbern Journal, Aug. 10.

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## Consumption
is robbed of its terrors by the fact that the best medical authorities state that it is a curable disease; and one of the happy things about it is, that its victims rarely ever lose hope.

You know there are all sorts of secret nostrums advertised to cure consumption. Some make absurd claims. We only say that if taken in time and the laws of health are properly observed,

**SCOTT'S EMULSION**

will heal the inflammation of the throat and lungs and nourish and strengthen the body so that it can throw off the disease.

We have thousands of testimonials where people claim they have been permanently cured of this malady.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

### A Former Citizen of Fayetteville Dead.

We find the following in the Kinston Daily Free Press of Wednesday:

Mr. James Monroe Wooten, a prominent farmer of South West township, died Tuesday about midnight of paralysis. Mr. Wooten was born in Fayetteville August 11, 1827. He came to Kinston and was engaged in merchandising before the war.

He then moved to Catharine Lake, Onslow county, where he was associated with Col. S. B. Taylor in a large turpentine industry. He and Col. Taylor lost about $40,000 in this business by fire, which was started by our troops to keep the Yankees from getting it.

In early life he was happily married to Miss Josie Bryan, of Alabama. Six children were the result of this union. They are Mess. J. S. Wooten, W. O. Wooten, Mrs. J. A. Street, Misses Josie, Estelle and Mabel Wooten.

Try Allen's Foot Ease.
A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it *to day*. Sold by all druggists, grocers, shoe stores and general storekeepers everywhere. Price 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

EDWIN R. MacKETHAN,
Attorney and Counsellor,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

ISAAC A. MURCHISON. WILLIAM H. POPE
MURCHISON & POPE,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

DOCTOR D. G. MacKETHAN,
Physician and Surgeon,
Office N. E. Corner Market Square,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
June 30-d&w-tf

J. H. MARSH, M.D. J. F. HIGHSMITH, M D
Drs. MARSH & HIGHSMITH,
Offices, Market Square and Green Street, FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

JNO. D. MacRAE, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon.
Office at Sedberry's Drug Store,
Fayetteville, N. C.

E. L. HUNTER, D.D.S. THOS. M. HUNTER D.D.S
DRS. HUNTER,

# THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY..........AUGUST 17, 1899

E. J HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Mang'r

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES IN 1900.

## WILLIAM J. BRYAN.

**"Where the gold Democrats are numerically weak they will profess to accept the platform, but will oppose every plan that is calculated to bring success to the platform."** —*William J. Bryan to National Committeeman C. S. Thomas, of Colorado.*

(From Daily Observer of Aug. 14.)

### *JUDGE CLARK AT DENVER.*

Judge Walter Clark has gone to Denver, Colorado, where he was to deliver an address on the railroad problem beforethe associated railway commissions. Hitherto, the speeches delivered and the papers read at these annual meetings have been by railway officials, or by members of the railway commissions. Judge Clark has been invited there to speak from the standpoint of the people, and we may feel assured that he will add laurels to his own forensic reputation, reflect credit upon his State, and elucidate with his vast powers of analysis many hidden things which both railways and people need to know.

The Denver papers have many complimentary things to say about him, some of which are as follows.

Says the Denver News:

The gathering would be largely in the nature of a symposium on railroad topics, resolutions being adopted if they were thought appropriate or memorials framed for presentation to congress. Subjects such as the questions of safety in travel, grade crossings, construction, operation, statistics and the classification of rates will be among the matters discussed.

An attempt was once made by the association to have congress appoint a board with power to determine on a uniform classification of freight articles, but it was unsuccessful. It is not improbable that this may be brough up again.

Judge Walter Clark, who is to address the convention, is a short, but heavily built man, with strong countenance. In manner he is extremely jovial and one would never doubt his claim to the popularity he possesses in his own state. He came near being Colonel Bryan's running mate in 1896 and he is favorably mentioned for the United States senate. He has been on the supreme bench for ten years, being the senior associate justice. Speaking of his address before the convention he said he would take up some of the claims which the people had upon the railroads and the duties of the latter toward the general public.

The committee, in extending the invitation to him, remarked that it had heard from all sides on the railroad topics at the various conventions, but it had "never yet heard from the folks."

TRUSTS RESPONSIBLE FOR EVILS.

Judge Clark is a Democrat and a firm believer in bimetallism. He also feels that the trust is responsible for many of the present ills besetting the people. To a representative of The News he said he laid the low price of cotton to the demonetization of silver and the depression in tobacco raising to the existence of the trust, as well as the money question.

Says the Denver Republican:

At previous joint sessions addresses have been made only by railroad men or state commissioners. At last year's session it was decided to have an address by some one who occupies a neutral position. The choice fell upon Judge Clark.

Judge Clark is one of the most popular men in his native state. His popularity was tested during the late state election, when he was placed upon all three of the leading tickets and elected without opposition. He is a Democrat, but received the solid vote of the Democrats, Republicans and Populists. At the last Democratic national convention in Chicago, when Bryan was nominated, Judge Clark was decided upon by the party leaders for the vice-presidency. For policy's sake this was reconsidered and Sewall was chosen almost at the last moment.

WARRING WITH CORPORATIONS.

"Our state is in the grasp of the big corporations," said Judge Clark, "but the commission is making it interesting for them. Our commission is composed of Franklin McNeill, chairman; J. L. Rogers, Eugene Beddingfield, and H. C. Brown, clerk. All of them will be here to attend the meeting. Since 1891 the commission has been elected by the Legislature, but hereafter the people will elect them. The commission has full power to fix rates and also to fix the valuation on assessments of railroads, street railway lines, telephone companies, telegraph companies and express companies. And let me add that our commission knows just what its powers are and is exercising them. It may be surprising, but it's a fact that telephone rental in the state of North Carolina is $18 per annum. That isn't so cheap compared to Switzerland, Norway and some other European countries where the government owns the telephone system. In those countries the rental is but $6 per annum.

SOME REFORMS SECURED.

"Telegraph rates have also been regulated, a uniform rate of 15 cents for 10 words being fixed on all messages between points in the state. We are having trouble in enforcing this rate as the telegraph companies got an injunction through the Federal court. The matter will probably be taken to the Supreme court of the United States before a settlement is reached. We are also in litigation over the railroad passenger rate of two and one-half cents per mile, fixed by the commission. An express rate of 25 cents per package between state points on all packages less than 25 pounds in weight was fixed by the commission and is being enforced. Another important accomplishment was an increase last year of $10,000,000 in valuation of railroad properties."

Judge Clark attributed the industrial depression in his state to trusts and the demonetization of silver.

[Since the above was put in type, the Raleigh News and Observer has come to hand with Judge Clark's speech in full, which we shall hope to reproduce for our readers.—OBS.

### *KEEP IT SACRED.*

"Tattler," the bright staff writer of the Asheville Citizen, says:

The veterans of Zeb Vance camp, U. C. V., are right in their regrets that there is a disposition to call the Spanish-American war soldiers "veterans." There is only one veteran to us, and that is the man who fought the good fight through the civil war. So long as he is alive the term should be applied to no other man. As Gen. Ray says "four years' struggle in battle and 35 years' struggle to get over the effects of it should go for something."

That is right. Don't tarnish the sacred name or dilute its glorious significance by bestowing it upon those who are not entitled to wear it. As Asheville Camp so justly expresses it, there is only one veteran to the people of the South, and that is the man who fought on the right side in the Confederate war. No honest man will assume that unsullied name unless he won his title to it in the regular way. He who does is an impostor, the most despicable of all characters except the hypocrite, his twin brother.

General Ray touched a responsive chord in the hearts of all true men as well as all true Confederates when he said:

**"Four years' struggle in battle and thirty-five years' struggle to get over the effects of it should go for something."**

Nevertheless, the OBSERVER knows of the case of a Confederate veteran who was deprived, in a twinkling, of the fruits of twenty-eight years' "struggle to get over the effects of his four years' war struggle" by an impostor of the sort described, who happened to possess a little brief authority, who did his dastardly work secretly and like a thief in the night, and who, by falsifying the facts of history among a new generation, was enabled to do it effectually. This impostor, so our story goes, was never harmed by the veteran, but seemed to hate him simply because he, too, was not an impostor. So mean was this impostor that he made public ridicule of what he recounted as the straits to which the veteran was reduced to earn an honest living after the war. The impostor knew that the veteran's necessity after the war arose from the fact that he sacrificed all his worldly possessions for the Confederacy; and it is a fact that this particular veteran rejected the offer of those who had the means to enable him to do so to store up gold for him in Liverpool against an adverse ending of the war, investing his all, instead, in Confederate bonds, in order to encourage faith in the Confederacy. But these traits of the veteran's disposition seemed only to provoke the impostor's hatred the more, who even sought to manœuvre the veteran out of the little honors which his war services sometimes brought him as a veteran.

Reader, did you ever see such a picture? It is one calculated to turn the stomach of an unseasoned man; but we doubt not, from what we know of our veteran, that he is capable of viewing it with equanimity. It would be different, we must believe, if good men should take the side of the impostor against the veteran, in a matter, for example, concerning veterans only. It is to be hoped that no such climax of wrong as that can exist this side of France.

The Spanish war stimulated interest in the Confederate Veteran, and gave some idea of the service which earned for him a title to his name; the other day eloquent Dan Hugh McLean presented us with some new and useful ideas on the subject; and now come the Asheville Camp and General Ray with a timely drawing of the line against those mean-spirited persons who would steal the Veteran's name.

### *THE ANTI-DEMOCRATS DESPERATE.*

When we had occasion to refer to the opponents of the Democracy it used to be sufficient to name simply the Republicans. Now that certain persons, who believe in the doctrines of the Republican party—the protective tariff, the gold standard and so forth—persist in calling themselves Democrats, it is more exact as well as more comprehensive to call them anti-Democrats.

These anti-Democrats spend their time in manufacturing stories about Mr. Bryan and Chairman Jones and Vice-Chairman Stone.

Now, Mr. Bryan is about to destroy himself by going to canvass for Goebel; now, he has been frightened away by the anti-Goebelites, or by the pure-minded McKinley contingent who, as is their habit in the different States, scream so virtuously whenever it is suggested that Bryan is about to put his national finger into the Democratic local pie.

Now, Chairman Jones is so ill that he has finally resigned his chairmanship of the national committee; now, Vice-Chairman Stone is scheming to succeed Chairman Jones and to defeat Bryan; now, ex-Attorney General Davidson, of this State, and other well known Southern Bryan men are hobnobbing with the Crokerites at Saratoga in a sure-to-win scheme for nominating Van Wyck or Gorman.

It seems to make no difference to these desperate anti-Democrats that their stories have not a word of truth in them: they go merrily on with their entertaining prevarications. Fortunately, they have begun their campaign so far in advance that their methods will be thread-bare before the real battle is joined.

There is one fact that stands clearly out of all the muddles which these busy-bodies are engaged in making, and that is that Bryan for the Democratic nominee and Jones for the Democratic National Chairman are the men they chiefly fear.

### *A SENSATION—CROKER CHANGES FRONT.*

Since writing the foregoing, yesterday's Baltimore Sun, the goldbug paper which turned Maryland over to the Republicans in 1896 by its opposition to Bryan, has come to hand with a special from New York in these words:

Richard Croker, leader of Tammany Hall, came back from Europe yesterday on the steamship St. Paul, apparently converted to the renomination of Bryan.

Before he sailed away in May he declared that Bryan was one of the ablest men in the United States, but that he was not the best man who could be found for the Democratic Presidential nomination. Last night he stated his opinion that Bryan is one of the greatest men America has produced, and that no American has ever been so close to the masses.

Mr. Croker a few months ago said that the United States should not give up an inch of the territory won by the blood of its soldiers. In an interview yesterday he denounced the imperialistic policy of the McKinley Administration and went so far as to practically declare that the President is willing to destroy thousands of homes and take thousands of lives in the Philippines with the purpose of keeping himself and his friends in office.

Mr. Croker will go to Long Branch tomorrow to consult former Senator Murphy. He will go to Saratoga Tuesday and meet the national leaders who are there and others who will be sent for.

MR. BRYAN'S GREATEST STRENGTH.

"Mr. Bryan's greatest strength," he said, "is with the plain people. He knows them thoroughly, as no other American has ever known them. No other American has ever been so close to them as is he. And they trust him absolutely. I regard him as one of the greatest men America has ever produced.

"I believe that in the next campaign the Democratic party will be a unit, and that it will be victorious. To win we must have a platform that will declare against trusts and imperialism. As a New York Democrat I want to see in the platform planks that the Democrats of the State want, planks that will make the party united throughout the State, which I believe we can carry next year.

"The silver question can safely be left to Congress, which in time will fix the ratio on a safe basis.

"When I say I believe Bryan one of the greatest men America has produced, that does not mean that I shall work for the nomination of Mr. Bryan or that I think he is the only man fitted for the nomination. He is as good a man as a leader as could be found. But I have no candidate. It is for the convention to name the man, and the convention will not meet for at least 10 months. It would be a travesty on popular suffrage to pick the candidate before the people's delegates meet, and I shall have no part in making such a selection. I shall not even try to influence the New York State delegates for anybody."

"SLAUGHTERED FOR GREED."

"As to the Republicans and their present position, there never has been, to my knowledge, a time when they exposed so many weaknesses—criminal weaknesses. President McKinley has turned the war in the Philippines into a scheme which he hopes will result in his return to office. The struggle is being prolonged for no other purpose. Million after million is being poured out in this McKinley campaign of slaughter, and everybody who has eyes to read with must know that no serious effort has yet been made to bring the war to a close.

"It is almost beyond belief that a President of the United States should be willing to destroy thousands of lives and thousands of homes and put the Filipinos to the slaughter to further the greed for office of himself and his friends; but, horrible as is such a thought, the facts speak for themselves.

"The people who are being taxed to pay the cost of this infamous slaughter have discovered the plan now, and will rebuke the shameless plotters by giving the country to the Democracy for government."

WHY HE CHANGED HIS MIND.

Mr. Croker explained why he had changed his views as to expansion. "I was wrong," he said, "in the statement I made before I went away. I based my belief that we should not give up a foot of soil our soldiers have won on information that was not complete. I made the statement that I did not believe we should give up the Philippines. I am not ashamed now to say to the public that I was wrong. I want to set myself right."

"I am not playing a political game through this interview. No one man was responsible for my change of mind. While I was in Europe I talked with some of the best informed men there or anywhere else on the subject of colonial conquest. I made investigations for myself. I reached the conclusion that we have no right at all to keep the Philippines.

"We were wrong in the first place to pay $20,000,000 for them. In the second place I believe that the war that is now costing thousands of lives and millions of dollars was not started by the Filipinos, but by the Americans, under somebody's orders.

"I became absolutely convinced that the war as it was started was part of a political plot to put back into power the discreditable McKinley Administration. What I have said about the President being responsible for the loss of thousands of lives and thousands of homes for the sake of his political future sounds harsh, even brutal, but the statement is not a bit more harsh, brutal or inhuman than are the facts.

"ON A TIDE OF FILIPINO BLOOD."

"McKinley is seeking to float back into office on a tide of Filipino blood.

"What should we do with the Philippines? I don't know. They are not for us or any other white people. The only people who can live there for any length of time are those who are now fighting our troops there. We can get the islands by annihilating the natives by blowing them from the cannon's mouth, just as England has done—but in no other way, and when we get them they will be of no use to us. Our people cannot exist there. If we want a coaling station in the Philippines, all right. We can get that without any trouble at all.

"I want to be clearly understood in this matter. I am not against legitimate expansion. When we can acquire territory honorably, when the advantage of acquisition is divided decently between ourselves and those we take in, or when we confer a benefit without having first done an injury, then I an an expansionist.

The Sun's Washington staff correspondent telegraphs this:

BRYAN STOCK RISING.

Political forecasters in Washington are inclined to the view that Bryan stock has shown a perceptible rise in the last few days. They regard his plain and rather defiant statement made to the Chicago Tribune as helping rather than hurting him and esteem as significant the opinion of so fine a politician as ex-Governor Pattison, of Pennsylvania, that Bryan cannot be beaten for the nomination. It was remarked that Bryan knew what he was talking about. It takes two thirds to make the nomination in the Democratic Convention, but it only requires a majority to construct the platform. It is claimed as not worthy of argument that the chances for a majority of free silver men in the convention are as a hundred to one, and with a free silver plank who but Bryan is the man to stand upon it?

There seems to be a question as to whether Mr. Richard Croker will attend the conference. It may be, as said, that those who are there do not want him. If this is so, he is not likely to intrude himself, as Mr. Croker is one of those men who generally makes up his mind without consulting with others. But these men at Saratoga cannot very safely reckon without him, and the other New York men on the ground must know it. It would be very remarkable if, under any possible circumstances, Mr. Croker did not have under his thumb nearly, if not quite, one-half of the New York delegation in the next National Convention.

CROKER'S CHANGE OF FRONT.

Mr. Croker's change of front in regard to Bryan caused considerable astonishment and sensation here today, and there is more or less puzzling over the meaning of it. The view is taken by some that he is at last convinced Bryan is the logical candidate. Others hold his expressions were intended to put confusion in the councils at Saratoga, or that he took the pleasure of indulging in a "flyer," with the intention hereafter, if it should so suit him, to repudiate it as a mere newspaper interview.

However this may be, upon two points Mr. Croker is undoubtedly in earnest, and in this respect he is altogether in accord with all those at the Saratoga conference and with Democratic leaders everywhere. There is no question the strongest possible protests and denunciations of trusts and imperialism will be inserted in the Democratic platform, no matter what else may be included. A warm personal friend of Mr. Bryan said he was taking no interest in conferences at Saratoga or elsewhere; that he expected to be renominated because he believed the Democratic masses all over the country would demand it.

And finally the Sun's staff correspondent at Chicago telegraphs this:

"THE PARTY IS UNITED."

Mr. Croker's coming out so unreservedly in favor of B yan caused considerable interest among politicians and others in Chicago.

"The great Democratic party of America is united" was the prompt declaration of former Gov. John P. Altgeld, when he was asked the effect of the Croker declaration. "And furthermore," he continued, "it is ready for battle."

"It is not asking the curruptionists in American politics to come and join its ranks, and their accessions to it could not possibly help it, but would fearfully weaken it and make it look contemptible in the eyes of men.

"The earnest men of the land who fought us in '96 but who are now disgusted with the McKinley administration and are weary of their policy will not come to us if we lower our standards. They will come to us if we show them we are sincere. Even those that differ with us on the financial question will be with us because they recognize the fact that republican institutions are being undermined and destroyed by the influences that now control the Government."

### *MILITARISM IN FRANCE.*

That militarism should prevail in the German empire, in Russia and in Austria, is natural, considering the character of those governments; but it is repugnant to a democracy, where the theory that the civil is superior to the military power is supposed to be a matter of practice, also. The fact that France, though a republic, is confronted with contiguous monarchies, is largely responsible for her continuance of a great military establishment, such as she would doubtless have been glad otherwise to throw off along with the empire. It is true that France is a single republic, and not a confederated republic, as this was in Washington's time, and that therefore the genius of her institutions is more hospitable to the military idea than with us, but her international necessities probably account in greater part for the military predominance—or "militarism," as it is called for short—which afflicts her today.

Intense interest has been drawn in the past few hours to the strange drama of the Dreyfus affair by the shooting of that one of Dreyfus's counsel who was prepared to expose General Mercier, the enemy's chief witness, then on the stand. He was on his way to the court room with the notes for the cross-examination of Mercier in his wallet, and that the assassins endeavored to take from him.

This is but an incident in the progress of a case marked with every villainy known to the catalogue of crime. For a long time the motive at the bottom of it all was obscure. The whole world now sees in it a mighty struggle between the military ring and the democracy, in which the latter has so far triumphed as to secure a representative in the Presidential chair, and with that a retrial of Dreyfus under the order of the French supreme court. All looks favorable to the triumphant acquittal of Dreyfus, but it is by no means to be supposed that that will be the end of militarism in France.

The exciting drama has a peculiar interest for Americans at this moment, for we ourselves are in the throes of an attempt by the present administration to convert ours into a military government similar to that of France. There is, however, no such excuse for the maintenance of large armies by us as that which has controlled France. Our isolation renders us safe from aggression. With France, the contiguity of her enemy's country forces the maintenance of a large military establishment in self defense.

We must hope that our more fortunate situation, reinforced by the vivid lessons which the cable brings us daily from afflicted France, may suffice to save us from militarism in America.

### CURRENT COMMENT.

If anything were needed to confirm the propriety of Mr. Bryan's taking up the cause of Goebel in Kentucky, it has been supplied by the intelligence which came yesterday that Bolter Buckner is violently opposed to Goebel, whom he likens to Robespierre.

### Hope Mills Items.

Hope Mills, N. C., Aug. 12, '99.

Mr. W. J. Morgan has commenced building his house on his lot adjoining his mother, Mrs. Martha Morgan's lot, between Harrison and Bluff streets. Building lots in Hope Mills are getting very scarce; there are but few vacant houses.

Mr. J. R. Shoalar's daughter, who has been sick for about two months, is now very low. She has some kind of brain affection that seems to puzzle her doctors.

Yesterday the Hope Mills Manufacturing Company paid in cash to its operatives for the month of July a total of $5 257 64; to No. 1 $2,814 14, and to No. 2 $2,443 50. This is the largest pay-roll in the history of the company.

Hope Mills, Aug. 14, '99.

Rev. W. C. Buchanan, Presbyterian Missionary to Japan, lectured yesterday afternoon at the school house in the interest of his work. His lecture was interesting, instructive and spiritual.

The first part of his lecture was devoted to the customs and languages of the Japanese. Within fifteen minutes an attentive listener could have learned a great deal about the customs of a nation that has rapidly advanced as an influential power in the politics of the world. His description of the united and constant efforts of the missionaries shows that with Divine guidance and spiritual blessing organization is necessary for good results. The self-sacrifice of the native Christians as described by him should cause many a Christian in this land to blush with shame.

While we do not take issue with him as to giving the tenth, we do believe that if it is given, it should be done by self-sacrifice as the young man he mentioned did, and not out of some one else's money.

The machinery for Cumberland Mills is coming in daily. The mill when complete will have 4 lappers, 15 revolving flat cards, 36 heads drawing frames, 2 slubbers, 3 speeders, 3,000 spinning spindles, 300 spoolers spindles, 1,020 twisters spindles, 3 reels, 2 dropper warpers, 4 universal winders and all necessary supplies. The mill will be fitted up especially for coarse numbers ranging from No. 8 to No. 12, in one, two and three ply warp, skein and cone yarns. It will have new and latest improved machinery and will be the best equipped mill south or north, for the manufacture of the numbers mentioned. It will use 6 bales of cotton a day.

Hope Mills, N. C., Aug 16, 1899.

Mr. F. H. Cotton went down to Red Springs Saturday afternoon to spend Sunday with his wife, who has been there for a few weeks.

Mrs. Neill McFadyen and children, of 71st, are visiting her father, Dr. A. McDougald.

Mr. J. J. Maloney has gone to Philadelphia on business for the Hope Mills Manufacturing Company.

Mrs. Jas. H. Johnson returned yesterday from a visit to her parents in Moore county, accompanied by her sister, Miss Crutchfield.

Dr. J. E. Caviness and daughter went to Ore Hill yesterday.

Miss Janie Reid McLauchlin will begin a school Monday for children. She will teach at the Stewart House on Hill street.

Mrs. W. P. Whitaker spent a few days with her sister, Mrs. Freeman, in Fayetteville, returning yesterday.

Z. B. NEWTON.

### BEAVER DAM ITEMS.

BEAVER DAM, Aug. 8, 1899.

The rain is falling pitter, patter, pitter patter, as I write these items and, oh, what merry times in far away Beaver Dam. Crops the best they have been in years, and the farmers freest from guano debts they have been in the last ten years. "So mote it be."

The township school committee met after several miss meetings and organized last week with H. L. Gardener, chairman, and Simon Smith, secretary. So this leaves D. E. Beard, Esq., floor leader. We hope he will push the cause of education to the front and give us the longest terms of school we ever had.

Mrs. G. F. Bullard continues very sick, we are sorry to say.

Mr. R. F. Hall, of Columbia, Ala., arrived at the old homestead one day this week to spend a week or two with his aged mother, who is very feeble.

Sheriff J. S. Fisher and lady of Moultrie, Ga., spent several days in our community recently, visiting friends and relatives.

Master Leslie Fisher and Mr. Henry Rushing, who by the way, is a prominent officer in the Moultrie Bank, spent some time in our section recently.

Pastor O. P. Meeks of Clinton, held a protracted meeting at Beaver Dam church last week. Mr. Meeks is physically weak but mentally a giant among men—truly a power in the pulpit.

Mr. P. P. Hall went to Wilmington this week on business.

The Rev. Martin Page will preach his last time at Evergreen the second Sunday in August. He will start to Wake Forest some time shortly.

"Lay by time" has come at last in full blast, and the people so happy over the prospect of an abundant harvest that we are about to believe that Hon. M. A. Hanna's wave of prosperity is a real thing after all the political bustle.

Mr. Simon Smith, has bought Mr. A. A. Melvin's steam saw mill and will go into the shingle business in dead earnest. We wish him much success.

That "kissing bug," what a wonderful thing. It seems to be a terror—just like the other *bugs*—we mean the gold bugs that are sending consternation to the homes and firesides of thousands, yea millions of our people. Stop ye gold bugs and think before you finally wreck the grand old Democratic party.

JACK.

During the civil war, as well as in our late war with Spain, diarrhœa was one of the most troublesome diseases the army had to contend with. In many instances it became chronic and the old soldiers still suffer from it. Mr. David Taylor of Wind Ridge, Greene Co., Pa., is one of these. He uses Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy and says he never found anything that would give him such quick relief. It is for sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Lackamp, Elston, Mo. write: "One Minute Cough Cure saved the life of our little boy when nearly dead with croup." King Bros.

### JESSUP SAYINGS.

JESSUP, N. C., Aug. 12, 1899.

Mr. Thomas McCrane and family, who have been visiting Mr. Duncan Cole, left Wednesday for their home in Columbia, S. C.

Prof. M. J. Green, of Victor, is visiting Mr. Aaron Davidson.

Quite a large crowd attended the Sunday school pic nic at Union church Saturday. An able address was delivered by Hon. D. E. McIver, of Sanford.

Rev. L. E. Thompson has been conducting a very successful revival at Centre M. E. Church. Eleven persons were received into membership.

Mr. J. M. McIver, of Greensboro, is visiting Mr. E. J. Harrington.

Mr. C. L. Kelly, of Columbia, S. C., is visiting his father, Mr. Wm. Kelly.

Mrs. Jennie Wadsworth, who has been ill several days, is rapidly improving.

Rev. T. J. Jones, of Roxboro, is visiting his sister, Mrs. J. J. Tillman.

DONTON.

### Premiums on Tobacco.

The Cumberland County Agricultural Society offer the following premiums on tobacco to be exhibited at the next Fair November 8th, 9th and 10th, 1899:

TOBACCO.

| | |
|---|---|
| Best bright wrappers, | $3 00 |
| Second best bright wrappers, | 2 00 |
| Best mahogany wrappers, | 3 00 |
| Second best mahogany wrappers, | 2 00 |
| Best strips for export, | 3 00 |
| Second best strips for export, | 2 00 |
| Best cutter for cigarettes, | 3 00 |
| Second best cutter for cigarettes, | 2 00 |
| Best smoker or granulator, | 3 00 |
| Second best smoker or granulator, | 2 00 |

Exhibits to be put up in packages of not less than five pounds and labeled with the *grade* claimed by the exhibitor.

G. W. LAWRENCE,
Sec'y and Treasr.

### The Issues for 1900.

Jacksonville Herald.

There is considerable speculation as to what the rallying cry of the Democratic party will be in 1900. Mr. Bryan has traveled over the country extensively since his defeat in 1896 and it is presumed that he speaks the views of the great majority of Democrats when he opposes any effort to sidetrack the money question. The trust system fostered by the enhanced value of money, the Dingley tariff and corrupt Attorney Generals have alarmed all friends of good government and will no doubt be made an issue equal in importance to the money question. Imperialism, the new product of Republicanism, and the hobby of McKinley, is so incompatible with American principles that its importance as an issue is not to be overlooked.

Up with silver and down with trusts and imperialism as a rallying cry would not be inappropriate.

### If Judge Shepherd is Out, Judge MacRae the Man.

Says to-day's Raleigh News and Observer:

A meeting of the trustees of the University of North Carolina will be held here in the Governor's office, at noon, next Saturday, August 19th. The object of the meeting is to elect a dean of the Law School.

It is stated by several members of the board that there is a probability of Judge Shepherd being asked to reconsider the matter and withdraw his letter declining the position. The reasons that impelled him to decline are said to no longer exist.

If, however, Judge Shepherd is still unable to serve, and a new man is elected, the probability is that Judge MacRae will be the man. His friends are hard at work for him and he has strong support on the board.

In fact the plan at the last meeting was to reorganize the Law School, elect two professors, instead of one and have two other professors—Dr. Alderman and Dr. Battle—teach History and Political Economy, which will be required in the law course. This will make this law school one of the largest and best equipped in the South.

These plans were discussed at the last meeting of the board, August 1st, and the president and executive committee were empowered to prepare a plan of re-organization looking to this enlargement and to present names of proper candidates for the positions to be filled. This will be done at a meeting of the board Saturday.

### Deaths in Porto Rico Number 2,000.

By telegraph to the Observer.

Washington, August 16th.—General Davis cables that the deaths reach two thousand in number, many dying daily from injuries and privation. It is impossible to reach many places till next week, the roads and trails being destroyed.

### Cotton.

By telegraph to the Observer.

New York. Aug. 16.—Cotton bids: September, 555; October, 574; December, 583; January, 588; March, 594.


# ECZEMA

*Itching, Burning Skin, Scales, Sores, Pimples, Red and Raw Skin, and Eruptions that Burn and Itch.*

**Caused by Bad Condition of the Blood. Cured by Botanic Blood Balm (B.B.B.).**

*Sample Bottle sent Free.*

If you have tried doctors, salves, washes, external and internal remedies, and still have Eczema, Tetter, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, then B.B.B. will cure you by literally driving the bad poisoned blood out of the body, bones, and entire system, and this is the only perfect cure. Other remedies fail to cure because they fail to drive the bad blood out. B.B.B. is an internal powerful blood remedy that is meant to, and does, cure after all else fails.

**HAVE YOU** itching, burning, scaly, crusted, or pimply skin, blisters containing pus or watery fluid, skin red, and an itching heat, with or without sores, on legs, arms, hands, neck, or face? Then take B.B.B. which will cure you, leaving the flesh free from blemishes, sores, or itching of any kind.

**Chronic Eczema** is a severe form of skin inflammation, with great redness and a raw surface. It may last for years with intervals of partial recovery, but easily returning. It often attacks the ears and neck. We have seen the ears burnt and crisped as a piece of roast meat, and the whole side of the neck a surface of raw, inflamed flesh, pitiable to behold. We know of six cases like this cured by B.B.B. during the past year (1898).

Any form of Eczema is due to diseased blood. Get the diseased blood out with B.B.B., and you are cured. B.B.B. is perfectly safe to take by old or young, and acts as a fine tonic.

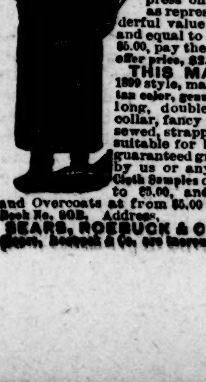
**Eczema on Children.** When teething, children are very frequently afflicted with Eczema. Sores discharge, and a yellow crust forms upon the skin. Give the child mild doses of B.B.B., and the sores will soon heal.

**Sample Bottle Free.** Send 2 stamps for free sample bottle, and book. B.B.B. for sale everywhere. Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga.



**$2.75 BOX RAIN COAT.**

A REGULAR $5.00 WATERPROOF MACKINTOSH FOR $2.75.



**Send no Money.** Cut this ad. out and send to us, state your Height and Weight, state number of inches around body at Breast taken over vest under coat close up under arms, and we will send you this coat by express C.O.D., subject to examination; examine and try it on at your nearest express office and if found exactly as represented and the most wonderful value you ever saw or heard of and equal to any coat you can buy for $5.00, pay the express agent our special offer price, $2.75, and express charges.

**THIS MACKINTOSH** is latest 1899 style, made from heavy waterproof, tan color, genuine Davis Covert Cloth; extra long, double breasted, Sager velvet collar, fancy plaid lining, waterproof sewed, strapped and cemented seams, suitable for both rain or overcoat, and guaranteed greatest value ever offered by us or any other house. For Free Cloth Samples of Men's Mackintoshes up to $5.00, and Made-to-Measure Suits and Overcoats at from $5.00 to $10.00, write for Free Book No. 80E. Address,

**SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO, ILL.**

(Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)



# CASTORIA

**for Infants and Children.**

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles and cures Constipation. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.



# GOLD DUST

## THE BEST Washing Powder


### Free Scholarships in the A & M. College.

RALEIGH, N. C., Aug. 8, 1899.

At their recent meeting the Board of Trustees of the Agricultural and Mechanical College adopted the following resolution:

Resolved, that each member of the House of Representatives and each member of the State Senate, and each member of the Board of Trustees of the College be authorized and requested to bestow a free scholarship in the College upon some deserving young man, according to the conditions of the law regulating such scholarships. These conditions are:

1. Inability of the young man, or of his parents or guardian to pay his tuition and room rent, amounting to $30 annually.

2. That he be prepared to enter the College.

A certificate of inability to pay must be signed by the young man's father or guardian, also by the person making the appointment.

Preparation to enter college requires a knowledge of arithmetic through common and decimal fractions, of English Grammar through the elements, and of United States history. Examinations for admission will be conducted by the County Superintendent of Education on Saturday, August 19th, at 10 a. m. in the county court-house. As this is not the regular day for such examinations, the Superintendent can, if he chooses, charge each applicant $1.

The examination papers will be forwarded to me by the Superintendent, and the appointee will be notified immediately whether he has passed successfully, and is appointed by the College to a scholarship. Should he fail, he can be examined again at the College in Raleigh, Tuesday, September 5th, and should he fail here, he would have to return home at his own expense for the trip both ways.

There has been no increase in the number of county scholarships. At present, there are about forty vacancies, the total number being one hundred and twenty. These vacancies will be filled in the order of priority of appointment. Appointees will be accredited to the county where they reside, but if vacancies from any county are not filled by August 26th they will then be filled by appointees from other counties. It is very important, therefore, that appointments be made immediately.

GEORGE T. WINSTON,
President.

MR. EDITOR:—The above is explanatory of itself. Under the conditions set forth an opportunity of obtaining a good education is presented to some deserving young man. Doubtless Senator Williams and Mr. Ray will be glad to co-operate with me in assisting the meritorious.

It is hoped that Cumberland county will keep fully abreast of the times and will have its full quota at the A. & M. College. Do not forget that an examination is necessary.

Respectfully,
H. McD. ROBINSON,
Representative.

Fayetteville, N. C., Aug. 11, '99.


### LEMONS AS MEDICINE.

They regulate the Liver, Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys and Blood as prepared by Dr. H. Mozley, in his Lemon Elixir, a pleasant lemon drink. It cures biliousness, constipation, indigestion, headache, malaria, kidney disease, fever, chills, heart failure, nervous prostration, and all other diseases caused by a torpid or diseased liver and kidneys. It is an established fact that lemons, when combined properly with other liver tonics, produce the most desirable results upon the stomach, liver bowels, kidneys and blood. Sold by druggists. 50c. and $1 bottle.

**Mozley's Lemon Elixir**

Cured me of sick and nervous headache, I had been subject to all my life.

MRS. N. A. MCENTIRE.
Spring Place, Ga.

**Mozley's Lemon Elixir**

Cured me of indigestion and nervous prostration. I got more relief, and at once, from Lemon Elixir than all other medicines.

J. C. SPEIGHTS.
Indian Springs, Ga.

**Mozley's Lemon Elixir**

Cured me of a long standing case of chills and fever, by using two bottles

J. C. STANLEY.
Engineer E. T. Va. & Ga. R. R.

**Mozley's Lemon Elixir**

Cured me of a case of heart disease and indigestion of four years standing. I tried a dozen different medicines. None but Lemon Elixir done me any good.

TULES DIEHL.
Cor. Habersham and St. Thomas Sts. Savannah, Ga.

**Mozley's Lemon Elixir.**

I fully indorse it for nervous prostration, headache, indigestion and constipation, having used it with most satisfactory results, after all other remedies had failed.

J. W. ROLLO.
West End, Atlanta, Ga.

dly sat & wkly


### Opportunities Presented at Fayetteville.

F. R. Rose, Secretary Chamber of Commerce, in Manufacturers' Record.]

Fayetteville, N. C., Aug. 3.

Before the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway was acquired by the Atlantic Coast Line the former system had purchased a valuable site here, on which it was their intention to locate extensive railroad shops for the building of cars and the manufacture and repair of all kinds of machinery. Until this could be done the company carried on this work to a limited extent in temporary frame buildings. When the change of ownership came about these shops were closed and their contents were taken away. This opens up Fayetteville, N. C., as a splendid place to establish large shops for iron work and repairs of all kinds. Every day some repairs are needed on the engines and cars that center here in large numbers from a half-dozen directions. Much of this work it would be to the interest of the Atlantic Coast Line to do here still for convenience and expedition. Then the large mills that are at work here night and day in county and city (and those soon to be set in motion) constantly require the frequent services of skilled machinists, and the repair, and even the manufacture, of hundreds of pieces of machinery. From these sources, and from many other nearby places, could be drawn much profitable work in the iron and steel and foundry lines. It would certainly prove a profitable venture if some skilled workmen were here ready prepared to supply at short notice any piece of machinery required by mill, car or locomotive.

* * * * *

Fayetteville's large tobacco warehouse is now completed, and is said to be the finest one in the State. Tobacco is coming into the city freely, and by the 10th of August (at which time our first tobacco "break" will take place) Fayetteville will have blossomed into a first class tobacco market. The farmers in this and the adjoining counties have planted a large acreage in tobacco, which promises to give cotton a black eye in this section. The tobacco raised here compares very favorably with that of the Piedmont section, and ripens much earlier.

President W. M. Morgan of the Cape Fear Power Co., which has a capital of nearly half million, will make Fayetteville his home this fall. This company will furnish electric-power for Fayetteville, Durham, Raleigh and other places by means of the Lockville water power, recently acquired by them.

### The Death of Capt. Ray.

Says the Morganton News:

A telegram announcing the death of Capt. Neill W. Ray, which occurred at his home in Fayetteville on Monday, brought sorrow to many hearts here where he was well known and beloved. His wife was Miss Laura Pearson, of Morganton, and he has visited the town frequently since his marriage.

Capt. Ray had for years been one of the leading lawyers of Fayetteville and was an upright, influential citizen. As captain in Col. Tate's Sixth North Carolina Regiment his record as a Confederate soldier was a brilliant one, and it was while gallantly leading his men in one of the bloodiest battles of the war that he received the wound which rendered him lame to the day of his death. He leaves a widow and one son, who have the sympathy of all our people.

Postmaster D. C. Pearson and Mrs. S. McD. Tate, of Morganton, brother and sister of Mrs. Ray, attended the funeral, which took place in Fayetteville Weknesday afternoon.

### A Mother Tells How She Saved Her Little Daughter's Life.

I am the mother of eight children and have had a great deal of experience with medicines. Last summer my little daughter had the dysentery in its worst form. We thought she would die. I tried everything I could think of, but nothing seemed to do her any good. I saw by an advertisement in our paper that Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy was highly recommended and sent and got a bottle at once. It proved to be one of the very best medicines we ever had in the house. It saved my little daughter's life. I am anxious for every mother to know what an excellent medicine it is. Had I known it at first it would have saved me a great deal of anxiety and my little daughter much suffering.—Yours truly, MRS. GEO. F. BURDICK, Liberty, R. I. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.

A diseased stomach surely undermines health. It dulls the brain, kills energy, destroys the nervous system, and predisposes to insanity and fatal diseases. All dyspeptic troubles are quickly cured by Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It has cured thousands of cases and is curing them every day. Its ingredients are such that it can't help curing. King Bros.

# THE OBSERVER

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., AUG. 17, 1899


We desire a live agent and correspondent at every postoffice in Cumberland and adjoining counties.

Correspondence on all subjects of local and general interest and opinions upon matters public of concern, are invited

The editor will not be responsible for the views or statements of correspondents—and reserves the right at all times to revise or correct any article he may think requires it.

Correepondence for the Weekly Observer should reach the office not later than Monday.

One side, only, of the paper must be written on—and the real name of the writer accompany the contribution. No attention will be paid to anonymous letters.

☞The date on your label tells you when your subscription expires. Receipts for money on subscription will be given in change of date on label. If not properly changed in two weeks notify us.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.


Robinson & Shaw---Card.
H. R. Horne---Hammar Paint.
J. B. Smith---Lost or Mislaid.
Z. B. Newton—Examinations.
J. L. Kennedy's Cash Dry Goods Store---New Store.
A. C. L.—Special Reduced Rates to Philadelphia.


**To Mail Subscribers.**

The label bearing your address indicates the expiration of your subscription. Renew it before it expires and thereby avoid missing any copies.

**Mr. Bain Gets a Big Contract.**

Mr. W. C. Bain, who was contractor for the Holt-Morgan and Holt-Williamson mills, has the contract for building Mr. Tuft's big $25,000 hotel at Pinehurst.

**Robeson Tobacco at the Warehouse.**

About one thousand pounds of tobacco, raised by Messrs. Nathan and Joseph Allen, of St. Paul's, Robeson county, was sold Tuesday morning at the warehouse.

**Mr. Robt. Strange Goes to Augusta.**

Mr. Robert Strange, Civil Engineer, left last night on the 1:10 train on the A. C. Line, for Augusta, Georgia, where he joins the Engineering corps of the Seaboard Air Line which is about to survey a route for that system from Augusta to Athens, Georgia.

**Our Agent at Hope Mills.**

Mr. Z. B. Newton, the OBSERVER'S correspondent and agent at Hope Mills, is successfully obtaining a good number of subscribers there to both the Weekly and Daily. We trust that subscribers there and elsewhere when shopping in Fayetteville may find it profitable to patronize the merchants who are liberal advertisers in the OBSERVER.

**Mr. Oliver Reaches Three Score and Ten.**

Our excellent friend, that staunch Democrat and Bryanite and true man, William H. Oliver, Esq., of New Bern, will be seventy years of age on Friday, the 18th instant. He gives a reception to his many friends, that evening, at his home in that city. There are none but will pray that God's blessing may continue to rest upon him for as many more years as he may desire to live.

Mr. Oliver, who, as is well known, is a leading citizen of New Bern, is the father of Mrs. Ben Huske, of this city.

**The Veterans' Association.**

The Veterans Association which broke encampment Thursday decided that the next encampment should last only one day and night.

The following are the officers elected for the ensuing year:

President—A. A. McKethan.
Secretary—A. D. McGill.

VICE-PRESIDENTS:

Cross Creek—J. B. Smith.
Cedar Creek—W. B. Draughon.
Carver's Creek—J. T. McCorquodale.
Flea Hill—W. J. Sessoms.
Black River—H. L. Hall.
Pearce's Mill—J. W. Carroll.
Beaver Dam—Henry Smith.
Gray's Creek—James Kirkpatrick.
Rockfish—J. Roslin Smith.
Quewhiffle—D. K. McDuffie.
Little River—Alex. Smith.
Seventy First—J. H. Currie.
Quartermaster—J. D. McNeill.

Vice Presidents were earnestly requested to furnish the Secretary with correct lists of all Confederate Veterans in their respective townships.

**The Cape Fear and Northern — Mr. Angier Buys Large Track of Land from Fayetteville Parties.**

While Mr. Angier, General Manager of the Cape Fear and Northern, was in Fayetteville the other day, he made some big deals, as will be seen by the following from yesterday's Raleigh News and Observer:

An important purchase of a railroad and large lumber interests has been made by Mr. J. C. Angier, general manager of the Cape Fear and Northern Railway Company and manager of the Cary Lumber Company.

Mr. J. C. Angier and his attorney, Mr. H. E. Norris, arrived in the city yesterday evening from Dunn, Harnett county, where they have been for the past few days closing a trade recently made with Mr. T. M. Hall, of that place for his railroad. This road extends from the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad at Dunn, four miles west into the pine forest. Also the sale includes his locomotive and other rolling stock.

Mr. Angier likewise has purchased from Mr. Hall for the Cary Lumber Company, his saw mills and lumber plant operated at and near Dunn.

In connection with this same trade Mr. Angier has bought from Taylor & Slocomb, of Fayetteville, their fine body of 1,500 acres of pine timber, situated in Grove township, Harnett county, near the terminus of the Hall Railroad. This timber is said to be the finest and largest to be found in any one lot in this section of the State.

All these purchases cost Mr. Angier something over $15,000 cash.


**TO CLEANSE THE SYSTEM**

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, to permanently overcome habitual constipation, to awaken the kidneys and liver to a healthy activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds, or fevers, use Syrup of Figs, made by the California Fig Syrup Co.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought


## THE FIRE TOURNAMENT PRIZES.

(From Daily Observer of Aug 9.)
**The Injustice to Fayetteville Firemen.**

We have received the following:

NORTH CAROLINA STATE FIREMEN'S ASSOCIATION.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Aug. 7, '99.

*Editor Observer:*

In your comments upon the recent Tournament at Greensboro, you ask: "Why do not the officials of the Firemen's Association see to it at once, that justice is done to Fayetteville?" Allow me to reply: That the officials of the Firemen's Association saw that justice *was done* to Fayetteville *last Thursday* by awarding them the second prize and paying them the $75 prize money, full notice of which was wired to Fayetteville via Western Union on Thursday night and the result was well known on our streets, though the OBSERVER failed to publish the fact until Saturday afternoon.

Pardon me for adding: That the officials of the Firemen's Association do not attempt to run the newspapers of the State, but are content to attend to their own business.

Respectfully yours,
JAS. D. MCNEILL. Pres.
N. C. S. F. Ass'n.

In order that the reader may understand the bearing of the foregoing it is necessary to say that on Saturday our correspondent remarked in the presence of the Business Manager of the OBSERVER that the OBSERVER had refrained from publishing the fact that the Fayetteville Firemen had obtained the second prize in the races of Thursday, and intimated that the OBSERVER had purposely done this because of a desire to injure the Fire company. The Business Manager promptly denounced this insinuation in proper terms, and reported the charge to the City Editor. The latter sought our correspondent and asked for an explanation of his insinuation as above recited. He avoided a direct answer by asking "Isn't it so?" A reply, which it is unnecessary to repeat here, ended the conversation.

It will be observed that our correspondent, after having attempted in the way described to "run" the OBSERVER, now pleads, in extenuation of his failure to see that justice was done to Fayetteville by the rest of the press, that it is not his business to run the newspapers of the State but only to attend to his own. The plea might be of some weight if our correspondent were chief of the Fayetteville department only, but he is chief of the State organization. Having set the pace, therefore, by criticising the OBSERVER in his capacity as a local chief, he has harnessed the State chief with the obligation to criticise the State press. As he is the State chief, he seems to be hoist by his own petard.

Our correspondent's plea that justice was done to Fayetteville by the award of the prize is an evasion of the point at issue, *as raised by himself*, viz: the publication of the fact in the press. Until this is secured by the only authority which can demand it (the State officials), Fayetteville will continue to suffer because of the inaction of that authority. The local knowledge of the fact was easily secured. What is needed is that the papers in the rest of the State shall announce Fayetteville's victory.

The statement by our correspondent, by inuendo, that the OBSERVER was aware of the awarding of the prize and withheld the fact from publication, is false.

(From Daily Observer, August 15.)
**How is This?**

"The Volunteer Fireman" of August 15th, the official organ of the State Firemen's Association, has come to hand and it gives the credit of Fayetteville's prize to Goldsboro, as will be seen by the following:

The official time and prizes were awarded as follows:

Quick steaming, start to finish, first prize $50, New Berne, 2.55, Second prize $25, Winston, 4.55.

Hand reel race, first prize, $125, Southside, 30¼. Second prize, $75, Goldsboro, 31¼.

Grab reel race, first prize, $100, Charlotte, 20½. Second prize, $60, Southside, 20¾.

Horse hook and ladder race, first prize $125, Asheville, 47¾. Second prize $75, Winston, 50½.

Junior hand reel race, first prize, $25, Greensboro 22. Second prize, $10, Goldsboro, 23.

Championship reel race, prize Championship Belt, Southside, of Greensboro, 49.

Individual foot race, first prize, suit of clothes, Ernest Kornegay.

Horse hose wagon race, first prize, $125, New Berne, 43 4 5. Second prize, $75, Goldsboro, 44 4-5.

Quick steaming, stand still, first prize, $25, Newberne, 2.28¼. Second prize, $15, Winston, 4 49.

President McNeill has a long letter in this morning's Raleigh News and Observer, explaining matters, but does not mention Fayetteville among the prize winners. As Fayetteville has been paid the money, where is the money to come from to pay Goldsboro?

**Excursion Rates to Philadelphia.**

The Atlantic Coast Line will sell round-trip tickets to Philadelphia on account National Encampment G. A. R. at the rate of one first-class fare for the round-trip. Those tickets to be sold September 1st, 2nd and 3rd, continuous passage, good returning to leave Philadelphia not later than September 12th. An extension of final limit to September 30th may be obtained by depositing tickets with joint agent, Philadelphia, between September 5th and 9th, (both days inclusive) on payment fee of fifty cents at time of deposit. Merchants going East to purchase their fall and winter stock can avail themselves of these tickets.

For further information and sleeping car reservation, apply to C. G. Terry, soliciting agent; R. A. Southerland, agent, and E. J. Monaghan, ticket agent, Fayetteville, N. C.


**TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY**

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.


**LOST.**

Many golden opportunities have been lost by those who suffer from rheumatism. By taking Rheumacide now they will be permanently and positively cured.

## THE STORM AT THE BEACHES.

**Highest Tide Ever Known. People Fly From the Beach.**

Tuesday night a telegram received in Fayetteville stated that the hurricane which swept Porto Rico last week and which has been moving slowly up the South Atlantic coast for several days past, had struck our Cape Fear beaches with violence, the velocity of the wind being 65 miles an hour, which report is confirmed by this morning's Wilmington Star. As the violence of the storm had been diminishing in its northward passage, it was calculated at Wilmington yesterday that the wind's velocity would not exceed 40 miles an hour upon reaching the adjacent coast.

The Wilmington papers report a tremendous rainfall yesterday morning and the velocity of the wind at 30 to 32 miles, uprooting several trees and prostrating a telegraph pole. The tide in the harbor was unusually high, but the water not rough.

On the 3:45 train yesterday afternoon from Wrightsville a great number of the guests at the hotels and of the cottagers on the beach came up to Wilmington, estimated at from 200 by the Messenger to 1,000 by the Star. The out-of-town guests went to the hotels and boarding houses, the Orton receiving 100 of them. "Quite a number of the beach people and a few of the guests stuck to the beach, however, and spent the night there," says the Messenger.

There was also a hegira from Carolina Beach. Many families came up to Wilmington in the morning, and the afternoon steamer brought almost everybody away, Mr. H. C. McQueen and a few other unterrified ones (seven families in all) remaining.

Among those who came up to Wilmington from Wrightsville were the following from Fayetteville and neighboring places: Mrs. A. L. James, Miss Pattie James, Mrs. Walter McEachin, Mr. Rod MacRae, and Miss Effie MacRae, all of Carthage; Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Broadfoot, Mrs. Robert Strange, Miss Broadfoot, C. W. Broadfoot, Jr, and M. S. Broadfoot, of Fayetteville: Mrs. Sanders and four children of Smithfield; Mr. and Mrs. K. C. Barrett and Miss Carrie Barrett, of Florence.

**Industrial Education.**

The North Carolina College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts begins its eleventh session Wednesday, September 1st, 1899, with an addition of an important department. A course of instruction in Textile Industry, which is attaining a phenomenal growth in this State and throughout the South, and which requires specially prepared and skilled superintendents for its various branches, has been added.

Hitherto it has been necessary to get such help from the New England Cotton Mill districts, or elsewhere, but now an opportunity is to be given the youths of this State to acquire the skill and knowledge requisite to fill these positions.

This College has already attained an enviable reputation for turning out graduates of highest excellence in the various branches taught, and they are filling positions of trust which require skill and a technical education. The demand for persons so educated is far in excess of supply.

We advise any young man to seriously consider taking a course in this institution.

Entrance examinations will be held at the court-house in the various county-seats August 19th, under the supervision of the County Superintendent, or in Raleigh September 5th.

### Fierce Battle To-Day in Luzon—2,500 Filipinos Defeated with 200 Loss.

(By cable to the Observer.)

Manila, August 16.—The Filipinos sustained a severe defeat before Angeles to-day. Ten companies of the twelfth infantry, with two cannon, attacked twenty-five hundred insurgents intrenched near the town. A fierce fight ensued in which the Filipinos were worsted and driven in disorder with a loss of two hundred. Our loss was two killed and twelve wounded. The twelfth has occupied Angeles.

### The "Insurrection" Against the American Empire Gaining Remarkable Strength in Negros and Cebu.

By cable to the Observer.

Manila, August 16, via Hong Kong August 16.—Arrivals with mail advices from Negros and Cebu agree that the insurrection is gaining strength remarkably in both these islands, hitherto counted as the most friendly of the whole archipelago, and which received Professor Schurman with the greatest cordiality. Outbreaks are feared, particularly in Cebu, where some of the leading men have gone over to the insurrectionists. Many wealthy inhabitants are preparing to leave the islands as the result of the autonomist government in Negros is disappointing.

### Significant of War in the Transvaal.

By cable to the Observer.

Rennes, August 16.—Several English correspondents, who are here reporting the Dreyfus trial, have been ordered to proceed to South Africa forthwith, in expectation of war between Great Britain and the Transvaal.

### Dewey Still Ill at Leghorn.

By cable to the Observer.

Leghorn, August 16.—Admiral Dewey is still ill and there is no announcement of the date on which the Olympia will sail.


DeWitt's Little Early Risers expel from the system all poisonous accumulations, regulate the stomach, bowels and liver, and purify the blood. They drive away disease, dissipate melancholy, and give health and vigor for the daily routine. Do not gripe or sicken. King Bros.

**Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.**

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

**Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.**

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.


## The Dreyfus Matter.

### Dreyfus Holds His Own.

By cable to the Observer.

Rennes, August 12.—Casimer-Perier said on the witness stand this morning that Dreyfus lied if he said that he had fully informed him about the case. Dreyfus replied indignantly that he did not say he had informed Perier, but had written him several letters, which, perhaps, were never received. The prisoner seemed a new man and ready to meet any opponent. Perier said that Gen. Mercier never told him of the document containing the expression, "that animal of A. D." Gen. Mercier testified that M. Freycinet told him the Dreyfus syndicate had raised thirty-five million francs in England and Germany to effect a substitution of somebody else for Dreyfus. If this was meant as the expected bomb, it was a fizzle and a laugh swelled through the court room. After Gen. Mercier had denounced Dreyfus for nearly four hours he concluded by saying that if he had not been convinced of the guilt of Dreyfus and that if the latter's conviction had not been fortified since 1894, he would admit that he was mistaken. Dreyfus jumped to his feet and shouted in a trumpet voice, "You ought to say so now." The audience burst into wild cheers. Mercier replied that he would admit Dreyfus was innocent if there was any doubt. The prisoner shouted again, "Why don't you then?" and there was another burst of cheers. Mercier was hooted after the adjournment.

### Another French Sensation—Wholesale Arrest of Conspirators.

By cable to the Observer.

Paris, August 12th.—M. Daroulede, founder of the League of Patriots and Member of the Chamber of Deputies was arrested at four o'clock this morning on his estate at Croissy near Paris. Four gendarmes took him to Paris, where he is incarcerated in the Conciegerie prison. The arrest of Marcel Uabert is expected. The police had closed the offices of the Patriotic League, which is now guarded by gendarmes. A number of members of the anti semitic and patriotic leagues were also arrested this morning. Documents were found leading to the discovery of a conspiracy to seize the government by force, dating back to July of last year. It is stated that the documents leave no doubt of the existence of a plot or the chief actors. Proof was afterwards found that the same group were preparing for a fresh attempt at an early date, the proof being such as to make it necessary to avert to immediate measures.

### Anti Dreyfusards Die Hard—Maitre Labori, Dreyfus's Chief Counsel, Shot by an Assassin—A Severe but not Serious Wound.

By cable to the Observer.

Rennes, Aug. 14.—Assassins attacked Maitre Labori, the advocate and chief counsel for Dreyfus, from ambush at the side of the road leading to the Richemont bridge over the canal, in sight of the hall of the court martial. Labori had proceeded a few hundred yards on his way home from the Lycee, where the court martial is sitting. He was shot from behind by one of two men armed with revolvers. The bullet passed through his back and lodged in the tissue back of the lungs. Mme Labori, who is a beautiful young woman, was soon told the news and came to her husband's side before he had moved from the spot where he fell. She sat in the dusty road and held her husband's head in her lap, kissing him repeatedly. Labori's legs were paralyzed. The city is in turmoil and the session of the court adjourned. Later Labori was pronounced out of danger. Surgeons probed the wound and found the ball imbedded in the tissue back of the lungs, which were not penetrated and no important artery or vein was cut. His breathing was normal and there was no internal bleeding. The good news was received with cheers by the great crowd filling the Place Laennec in front of Labori's house.

LATER NEWS NOT SO GOOD.

### Labori not out of Danger—Picquart also Marked for Assassination.

A bulletin issued by the physicians says that a clot of blood prevents extraction of the ball. It is too early to say that the wounded man is out of danger. It is stated that Picquart is also marked for assassination. More soldiers have been stationed at the Lycee since the morning and extra precautions to prevent disorder taken throughout the city. Labori, in falling, retained presence of mind enough to arrange a wallet containing his papers under his head for a pillow until his wife arrived, when he half raised himself and dropped his head in her lap. Some laborers saw the assassins. One placed himself in the path and tried to stop the murderer, who leveled his revolver and shouted: "Let me pass, I've shot Dreyfus." The man was so taken aback that he drew aside and allowed the assassin to pass, who escaped to the woods, but will be obliged to give it up. Peasants heard the murderer say: "If I can't get away, I'll go for them." It is reported that Labori said: "I may die, but Dreyfus is saved."

THE COURT NOT ADJOURNED—EX PRESIDENT CASSIMIR PERIER ON THE STAND.

The court has not adjourned. Gen. Mercier and ex President Casimir-Perier were confronted. The ex President asserted that Mercier's assertion that war was eminent with Germany was a gross exaggeration, and that he complained at the time of the action of Mercier's moving sixty thousand troops to the frontier without consulting him. He further said that before his interview with Mercier the question of Dreyfus had never been raised between them and Germany.

Before the court assembled it was announced that Labori had been shot. President Jouaust suspended the opening of the court till 2:15.

Still Later—Labori's Condition Worse.

3 p.m. Labori's condition is worse, and complications are feared. The assassin was apparently between twenty-five and thirty years of age; about five feet high and of slender figure. He wore a light moustache, dark brown trousers, gray cotton waistcoat and a black bowler hat. He was of the Spanish type, and is believed to be a Spanish anarchist.

### Labori after Being Shot Declared that a New Forgery had been Discovered in the Dossier.

By cable to the Observer.

Paris, August 15.—Le Matin today makes the announcement that Labori, after being shot, declared that, as the outcome of his injury appeared doubtful, he wished to make known the fact that M. Chamoan, who has charge of the secret documents in the Dreyfus case, has discovered a new forgery in the Dossier. The Anarchists' organ, the "Journal De Peuple," says that, in retaliation for the outrage upon Labori, anarchists will hold Mercier, Drumont, Rochefort and Judet as hostages and personally responsible for anything done against anarchists.

CLUE TO THE ASSASSINS.

Rennes, August 15th.—A clue to the whereabouts of the assassins was brought to the authorities at noon today. Gendarmes were ordered to concentrate at Fouillard, north of Rennes, and to search the Mi forest. A man named Gallais has been arrested at Laval on suspicion of being the assassin.

### Labori, Still Lives, and Will Probably Recover.

By cable to the Observer.

Paris, August 15.—Labori still lives, and will probably recover. The latest bulletin gives his temperature at 37 05; no fever, condition stationary, having slightly improved in the past few hours.

Rennes, August 15.—Labori is somewhat better this morning. The doctors, however, are still unable to sound his wound. The assailant has not yet been arrested.

LABORI NOW OUT OF DANGER.

Rennes, August 15.—The condition of Labori is so improved that the physicians consider him out of dauger. He lies on his back unable to move, but life is returning to the leg believed to be paralyzed. He has no fever. He continues to discuss the trial. He corroborates the statement that his pockets were rifled. He says that an attempt was also made to steal the wallet containing important papers referring to the court martial, including his notes for the cross examination of Mercier. When he had fallen Labori saw one of the men run to his side. One said: "His coat must come off; he'll be too hot." The speaker then took off his coat. The other seized his wallet. Labori refused to allow the wallet to be taken out of his hands, putting them under his head. No effort was made to take his watch or money, which fact is regarded as clear evidence of a plot in which several were implicated.

### The Dreyfus Court Martial.

By cable to the Observer.

Rennes, Aug. 16.—The court martial resumed its session this morning. Maitre Demange applied for adjournment in the absence of Labori. Major Carriere opposed this very vehemently, making a stump speech. He read the certificate of Labori's physicians, which, however, was a weak point, as it only said that it might not be impossible that Labori would attend on Monday. Carriere dilated on the fact that the entire world was anxiously awaiting the decision of the court, and on the necessity of ending the suspense. The court retired for twenty minutes and, on its return, unanimously refused adjournment on the ground of insufficient reasons.

It has been brought out by the testimony that M. Lebou had ordered that on the slightest alarm of attempted rescue, Dreyfus was to be shot. When Dreyfus was asked if he had any questions to ask Lebou, he replied: "No, I am here to defend my honor. I do not wish to speak of the atrocious suffering which I endured for five years—which I, an innocent Frenchman, suffered at the Isle de Diable."

Paris, Aug. 16.—Le Lanterne announces this morning that it is authorized to say that ex Lieut. Col. Du Paty DeClam is anxious to declare everything he knows regarding the Dreyfus case, being completely disgusted with the treatment which he has received at the hands of his former associates.

DREYFUS'S TORTURES CAUSE WEEPING.

Rennes, August 16.—Dreyfus's iron nerve gave way this morning and he wept in court. Others also wept. This followed upon the reading of the records of imprisonment and the recital of the tortures endured under the orders of Minister Lebon, whose testimony brought out the facts.

LABORI IMPROVING AND EAGER TO RESUME THE TRIAL.

Labori is improving. He passed a good night. The surgeons will not attempt to remove the ball at present. Labori is still eager to resume his work at the trial.


Gun-shot wounds and powder-burns, cuts, bruises, sprains, wounds from rusty nails, insect stings and ivy poisoning,—quickly healed by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Positively prevents blood poisoning. Beware of counterfeits. "DeWitt's" is SAFE and SURE.

**To Cure Constipation Forever.**

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

**A. B. WILLIAMS, COTTON BUYER,**
HAY STREET,
FAYETTEVILLE N C


## FAYETTEVILLE MARKETS

REVISED DAILY.

COTTON.

| | |
|---|---|
| Middling | 6 |
| Good Middling | 6¼ |

Market—firm. Prospects bright for higher prices.

NAVAL STORES

| | |
|---|---|
| Spirits | 46½ |
| Common Rosin | 70 |
| Virgin | 2 20 |
| Yellow Dip | 2 20 |
| Hard | 1 20 |

PRODUCE

REPORTED BY A. S. HUSKE, GROCER.

| | |
|---|---|
| Flour—1st pat., sack, | $2 40@$2.65 |
| Family Flour—2nd pat., sack | $2.15 @ 2.25 |
| Hides—dry—per lb. | 8@10 |
| " —green—per lb. | 5 |
| Wool—washed | 15@20 |
| Bacon—hog round per lb—new | 8½ |
| " —ham | 10a10½ |
| " —sides—new | 8½a9 |
| " —shoulders—new | 7½a8 |
| Oats—32 lbs per bushel | 40@45 |
| Peas—clay | 60a75 |
| " —mixed | 70 |
| " —white, | 75a80 |
| Meal—bolted—46 lbs per bushel | 55 @60 |
| " —unbolted—48 lbs per bushel | 50@55 |
| Corn—old—56 lbs per bushel | 55 |
| Onions—select—per bushel | 50a60 |
| Lard—N. C. | 8@9 |
| Tallow | 4 |
| Ducks | 20@25 |
| Hens—per head | 22½@25 |
| Roosters—per head | 18 a 20 |
| Turkeys—per lb | none |
| Guineas | none |
| Geese | 25 a 30 |
| Butter—choice yellow | 16 a 20 |
| Honey—strained—per lb | 8a |
| Eggs, | 10a11 |
| Feathers—new | 35 a 40 |
| Potatoes—Irish—new | 90 |
| Potatoes—Sweet—new | 100 |
| Pork | 5@6 |

DR. MOFFETT'S TEETHINA TEETHING POWDERS

Aids Digestion, Regulates the Bowels, Makes Teething Easy. TEETHINA Relieves the Bowel Troubles of Children of Any Age. Costs Only 25 Cents. Ask Your Druggist For It.

**Lost or Mislaid.**

Policy No. 41,639 issued by The Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company on the life of James H. Smith. The finder will please return it to the undersigned. Application has been made for the issuing of a duplicate. J. B SMITH,
Aug 12 1aw6t Fayetteville, N. C.

**EXAMINATIONS**
for entrance into the A. & M. College.

On Saturday, August 19th, at 10 o'clock a. m., in the court house, I shall conduct examinations for entrance into the Agricultura and Mechanical College at Raleigh. Students may thus save the expense of a trip to Raleigh for purposes of examination. All young men, whether county appointees or not, desiring instruction in Agriculture, the Mechanical Arts, the Textile Industry, Dairying, Farming, Fruit Growing, etc., etc., are invited to attend this examination.
Z. B. NEWTON,
County Superintendent.

**NEW STORE!**

**New Goods!**

—AT—

**J. L. KENNEDY'S Cash Dry Goods Store**

you will find a complete line of

**Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Notions, Novelties, Men's Ladies' and Children's Shoes, every Style.**

I invite every one to visit the New Store and see the latest styles at the lowest prices.

New goods received daily.

I sell strictly for cash, have one price and treat all alike. I give the best value for the least money and it will pay you to see the new store with the new and beautiful goods offered so low and within the reach of all.

J. L. Kennedy's Cash Store,
North Side Hay Street.

**Land Sale.**

NORTH CAROLINA, Cumberland County. } Superior Court.

By virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Cumberland County in a cause therein pending entitled Jos. A. Barnes, administrator of Moley Ivey, deceased, *versus* James Davis, Fannie Davis *et al.*, heirs-at law, the undersigned, Commissioner, appointed for that purpose, will, on Thursday, the 7th day of September, 1899, at 12 o'clock M., at the Market House in Fayetteville, N. C., sell at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, the following described real estate, viz:

A house and lot in Fayetteville, N. C., beginning in the west side of Adams street, the corner of lot No. 4 in plan of survey made by Duncan McCormick, and running N. 22 E. 1 ch. 30 lks. to the corner of a one acre lot laid off by Evans as in said p'an appears; N. 67¼ W. 5 chs. 25 lks. to a stone or stake in S. T. Hawley's line; thence S. 73¼ W. 1 ch. 76 lks. to Hawley's corner; thence S. 21 W. 22 lks. to a stake or stone in the corner of lot No. 4; thence with the line of said lot S. 68 E. 6 chs. 63½ lks. to Adams street, the beginning, as by reference to said survey will appear, containing about 77-100 of an acre, it being the same land conveyed by J. A. Worth to Geo. Sloan and by Geo. Sloan to D. A. Bryant, and by said Bryant and wife to Pearce.

This August 5th, 1899.
JOSEPH A. BARNES,
Commissioner.
N. A. SINCLAIR, Attorney.

**NOTHING BETTER**

can be furnished than what we are now putting forth in the way of

**Hot Weather Drinks**

at our new soda fountain. Pure syrups in porcelain containers. No metallic contamination. New apparatus and everything clean, bright, and attractive.

**HORNE'S PHARMACY.**

A gallon of PURE LINSEED OIL mixed with a gallon of

**Hammar Paint, $1.20**

makes 2 gallons of the VERY BEST PAINT in the WORLD for $2.40 or

**Saves 25 per cent**

of your paint bill. IS FAR MORE DURABLE than Pure White Lead and is ABSOLUTELY NOT POISONOUS. HAMMAR PAINT is made of the BEST OF PAINT MATERIALS—such as all good painters use, and is ground THICK, VERY THICK. No trouble to mix, any boy can do it. It is the COMMON SENSE OF HOUSE PAINT. NO BETTER paint can be made at ANY cost, and is

**Guaranteed 5 Years**

Not to Crack, Blister, Peel or Chalk.
H. HAMMAR PAINT CO., St. Louis, Mo.
Sold and guaranteed by
H. R. HORNE,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

**One Minute Cough Cure, cures**
That is what it was made for.

**1899.**

**PLANTERS WAREHOUSE,**
**FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,**
for the sale of

**LEAF TOBACCO.**

We are going to make this a tobacco market worthy of your patronage. The business men of Fayetteville say it must be so, and you know what that means: We offer great advantages as a market and, to make success doubly sure, we have secured the services of W. J. BLACKBURN, of Greensboro, as manager, who has had twelve years' experience in the business and comes most highly recommended in every way.

**The Warehouse will be opened every day in the week,**

and, in connection with the warehouse, will be a

**GRADING - DEPARTMENT,**

under the supervision of experienced tobacco men.

We are prepared now to do grading preparatory to the opening sale. There will be ample accommodation for planters and their stock, and they may feel free to come and enquire about the tobacco business. Write us for information of any kind needed about tobacco.

☞Let us hear from you about grading your tobacco.

PLANTERS WAREHOUSE,
W. J. BLACKBURN, Manager.

**"OLD TIME MOLASSES."**

We have just received a large lot of Molasses, such as we have not had for years. SEE IT BEFORE YOU BUY.

**Our Michigan Flours**

are still in the lead. If you have not tried a sack of "PURITAN," you do not know what you are missing. It is better than many brands on this market that costs more money.

**We handle many of the leading brands of FERTILIZERS**

including Acid Phosphate and Kainit.

Our stock of Hardware is complete.

**A. E. RANKIN CO.**

SHURLBERTS.

Shears for Trimming Tobacco in the Field and Trimming Trees and Hedges.

**For sale by**

**WALTER WATSON,**

AGENT FOR

**Deering Mowing and Harvesting Machinery,**
**Also Eclipse Engines and Saw Mill Outfits.**

Address WALTER WATSON, Fayetteville, N. C.

**See My Samples of New Goods**

now on hand.

**H. H. CARTLAND,**

The Up-To-Date Greensboro Tailor.

A pretty, new and nobby line of Goods for Suitings, Pants and Vests are always on hand, and his prices are reasonable at all times.

**The North Carolina College**
—OF—
**Agriculture and Mechanic Arts.**

**Term Begins Wednesday, September 6th.**

Gives an extraordinary course of instruction at an extraordinarily low cost to the student.

It not only educates but prepares its students to become intelligent directors of agricultural and mechanical enterprises.

There are complete special and short courses in the various Agricultural, Industrial, Mechanical, Textile and Civic Arts.

Students will be allowed to stand the entrance examination at the county-seats of the counties in which they reside, thus saving the expense of a trip to Raleigh.

Entrance examinations will be held on the **19th of August**, in the court house, under the supervision of County Superintendent.

For further information, catalogue, etc., apply to
PRESIDENT GEO. T. WINSTON,
West Raleigh, N. C.

**BEAR IN MIND**

this one fact: Get your flour here. Buy PERFECTION. Take the trouble, if it's any trouble, to do this; it's well worth your while, both in the money you save and the satisfaction you derive from constant use of PERFECTION Flour. If it wasn't in very truth the BEST and CHEAPEST flour sold in Fayetteville, why should so many use it? A fresh car just in.

DIXIE POCKET KNIVES (Wostenholm make) 10 cents to $1.00. Table Cutlery

Now is the time to feed PRATT'S FOOD to your horses, mules and cows, 75 cents per sack.

To wholesale buyers we offer Mendleson Lye, Giant Soap Powder, Gold Dust, Celluloid and Lump Starch, Soaps, Baking Powders, Mason's Cakes and Crackers and R. R. Mills Snuff at lowest Factory prices.

Buggy Harness, $6 00 to $12.50 a set; Allen Saddles, $2.00 to $5.00; and a full line of leather goods, best quality at lowest prices.

**Q. K. NIMOCKS,**
Wholesale and Retail Grocer,
10 Hay street.
Phone 56.

**WANTED.**

We want everybody that does not patronize us at present to send us some laundry so they will be convinced that

**we are turning out work daily that looks like new goods.**

Our work compares with any in the State. We can give high gloss, medium or a nice domestic finish, just as you like. Our lady manager has full charge of the ladies' apparel, so we solicit their patronage all the time.

☞Agents wanted in every town.

Yours to please,

**Fayetteville Steam Laundry.**

'Phone 42.

## To those living

in malarial districts Tutt's Pills are indispensible, they keep the system in perfect order and are

## an absolute cure

for sick headache, indigestion, malaria, torpid liver, constipation and all bilious diseases.

## Tutt's Liver Pills


**Official Invitation.**

The Mayor and Board of Aldermen have received an invitation to attend the Moore's Creek celebration on the 17th inst.

**Wholesale Indictment of Road Overseers**

The supervisors of Cross Creek have indicted seven, or nearly all, of the road overseers of the different roads of Cross Creek for failure to properly perform their duties. The cases will be heard at the next term of the court. The penalty is fine or imprisonment at the discretion of the court.

**Death of Miss Kate Hill.**

The Raleigh News and Observer of the 8th contains the following:

Miss Kate Toomer Hill, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. N. M. Hill, of Pittsboro, died Saturday morning in her 18th year after a short but painful illness with appendicitis. She was buried Sunday in the Episcopal church-yard. Miss Hill was one of the handsomest and most popular young girls in Pittsboro and her sad death has cast a gloom over the whole town. She was a niece of Mrs. Ed. W. Pou, of Smithfield.

**New Law Firm.**

Messrs. H. McD. Robinson and J. G. Shaw have formed a co-partnership for the practice of their profession, and are busily engaged in superintending the work of fitting up their office, which is that of the late "Exchange" on Donaldson street. Their combined libraries make an inspiring show, and otherwise their offices are models of convenience and good taste.

Mr. Robinson is our representative in the present legislature, and Mr. Shaw was the representative of this district in the Congress of 1895-7.

**Mr. Lewis Erambert Found.**

Mr. Lewis Erambert, a former resident of this city, who, for a number of years, has been a steamboat engineer, disappeared last January, and he was thought to have been drowned. He has turned up, however, as will be seen by the following from yesterday's Norfolk Virginian-Pilot:

Some months since Lewis Erambert, a former engineer on the tug Willard, of this harbor, disappeared and was thought to have been drowned. A brother, who resides at Suffolk, advertised in the papers at the time, offering a reward for the recovery of the body. It is now learned that Erambert while on a spree was shanghaied by a sailor boarding-house man and shipped on an English tramp steamer. It appears that he was taken to England and from there elsewhere, finally returning to the United States via a northern port. From a letter received in this city yesterday it was learned that Erambert is now in Baltimore.

**Jurors for September Court.**

The following were drawn as Jurors for the September Term of Criminal Court:

D. J. Ray, J. E. Thomas, Quewhiffie; J. A. Culbreth, Redin R. House, W. E. Rhodes, Sion Page, H. L. McMillan, Black River; W. B. McMillan, F. D. Williston, W. F. Sloan, E. J. Lilly, Cross Creek; W. G. Maxwell, James D. Geddie, D. J. Horne, W. L. Horne, R. L. Hall, A. C. Hair, Edward Sessoms, W. H. Fisher, Cedar Creek; D. C. McLaurin, T. R. Bullard, D. J. Smith, Alex. McAlister, J. W. Bullock, Flea Hill; M. Frank Wood, Zack Colier, Carver's Creek; Harvey Bunce, J. H. Sikes, D. K. Mintz, F. M. Dees, Jno. F. McArthur, Seventy-First; J. B. Driver, J. H. McPhail, Rockfish; Cicero Bullard, Beaver Dam; W. Cashwell, W. H. Marsh, Gray's Creek.

JURORS FOR CIVIL TERM.

The following were drawn for September Term of the Superior Court:

J. A. Hedgepeth, Cross Creek; J. B. Bedsall, M. H. McCall, Rafe Lockamy, Cedar Creek; Duncan McCraney, Little River; Alex. McArthur, Carver's Creek; C. H. Cogdell, Jr., Simon Smith, Beaver Dam; G. W. House, J. L. Starling, W. H. Daughtry, Black River; Henry Monroe, J. T. Sinclair, S. J. Cameron, Quewhiffle; G. B. Elkins, Rockfish; Wm. Murphy, Flea Hill; J. C. Vaughn, Seventy-First; Judson Jones, Gray's Creek.

**Hope Mills Items.**

Hope Mills, N. C., Aug 11, 1899.

At the last meeting of the Town Commissioners Mr. D. J. Cashwell was elected tax collector. He has filed his bond and is ready to receive the books.

Mrs. D. McL. Holt, of Argyle, with her four bright children, is spending this week with her brother, Mr. J. H. McPhail.

Hope Mills No. 2 is now running two-thirds of its carding and spinning machinery day and night. Within two weeks it will be ready to run all of the carding and spinning machinery day and night.

Our people are long suffering, but they cannot stand everything. Wednesday evening the local freight on the A. C. L. was stretched across Harrison, Bluff, and Johnson streets crossings and parties wishing to cross, had to wait some time for the train to pull out. The crossings are close together but we think that when trains are going to be detained for any length of time the conductors should have the trains cut at one or more of the crossings.

Z. B. NEWTON

**A Narrow Escape.**

Thankful words written by Mrs. Ada E. Hart, of Groton, S. D. "Was taken with a bad cold which settled on my lungs; cough set in and finally terminated in Consumption. Four Doctors gave me up, saying I could live but a short time. I gave myself up to my Savior, determined if I could not stay with my friends on earth, I would meet my absent ones above. My husband was advised to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I gave it a trial, took in all eight bottles. It has cured me, and thank God, I am saved and now a well and healthy woman." Trial bottles free at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1.00. Guaranteed or price refunded.

**INAUGURATION OF THE TOBACCO MARKET.**

**A Big Day—Exciting Scene—Everybody Satisfied.**

Fayetteville began her career Thursday as a tobacco market and the indications are that it will have a most successful outcome. Yesterday afternoon, last night and early this morning wagons loaded with tobacco piled into this city, reminding one of the times before the war, and when at 11:30 o'clock, the opening sale in the Planters Warehouse began, the great floor space was covered with hundreds of piles, aggregating in weight fully 30,000 pounds.

There was a great crowd on the floor, including many ladies, when the auctioneer, Mr. Bodenhemer, of Virginia, a master of his craft, began his remarkable "cry," which he kept up at lightning speed for nearly two hours, when the last pile was sold. As the auctioneer walked from pile to pile, he was surrounded by buyers from Danville, Va., Greensboro, Rocky Mount, Clinton, Dunn and a number of other places, with the alert Mr. Blackburn, manager of the warehouse, in their midst, never letting slip an opportunity to make the yellow staple bring its full value.

To a large party of those present it was a new and novel sight; the animation, excitement, and withal, orderly dispatch with which pile after pile was disposed of in a twinkling, striking them with wonder.

When the sale was over an OBSERVER reporter interviewed a number of planters and each one expressed himself as satisfied with the prices obtained.

The overage price, including scraps and all, was about 6½ cents, though some brought as high as 50 cents a pound and some as low as 2½ cents. Two lots sold for 50 cents a pound, one belonging to Mrs. W. J. McDonald, from the Wakulla plantation, and the other to Mr. Daniel Carter, from his Cedar Creek plantation. One pile containing about 200 pounds, A. J. Britt's, brought 10¾ cents a pound, and a big pile of of Gainey and Henderson tobacco brought 10½ cents.

We are told by those that know that the average price was good for the class of tobacco, all bottom leaves from the first barns. The sale will continue tomorrow, and from day to until the season closes.

Mr. Stallings, of Danville, Va., was heard to say that he had attended all the breaks in this section and that the prices paid for tobacco today at Fayetteville's Planters Warehouse were better than at opening sales elsewhere.

**Meeting of County Commissioners.**

The County Commissioners met in regular monthly session Monday, Chairman A. B. Williams presiding and Commissioners D. G. Blue and W. H. Downing, attorney J. G. Shaw and secretary J. T. Bynum present.

It was ordered that W. H. Downing and A. Deal look after and do such repairs as their judgment may deem proper on the Clarendon bridge.

The clerk was ordered to notify the supervisors of Rockfish township in accordance with petition of John Calhoun and others and assign hands to work same.

The order made by the board at their meeting in April, allowing J. A. Gainey to put two gates in the stock law fence in Gray's Creek is rescinded, and Mr. Gainey is referred to section 2,058 of the code.

It was resolved that a good road by Gillis's mill, starting at the ten mile post to Galatia Church, with a good bridge across Rockfish creek, will be accepted by the County Commissioners, and Mr. D. G. Blue is empowered to receive said road when the above terms are complied with and instruct the supervisors of 71st township to allot hands to work said road.

It was ordered that Janitor S. W. Hall be allowed 45 cents for ice furnished County Commissioners during June, July and August.

J. W. Carter was allowed $35 for indigent children.

The question of taxing property owned by charitable or benevolent societies was deferred until September meeting for final hearing.


CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.* The Kind You Have Always Bought


**A Man That Would Be President.**

Raleigh News and Observer.

Immigration Commissioner John W. Thompson yesterday received the following very remarkable letter, written by a man named De Vany, Swisshelm, Highlands county, Ohio. De Vany wants to be president and hence he writes:

"My Dear Sir: I would be pleased to have your valuable co-operation. While I know you are a Bryan representative, I desire to enlist your services on a basis to increase the 56 million acres of 60 cent wheat to 112 million acres of one dollar wheat and establish prosperity on a financial basis.

"If you will represent this Trust Movement with the farmers of your State I will carry in your name, full-paid par value, Trust certificates to amount of one hundred thousand dollars. In addition I will duplicate any political patronage named by you.

"We can win the Presidential campaign in 1900 under one-dollar wheat and ten-cent cotton. We unite eight million farmers on one platform, also every railway and factory employe and the bankers in farmer's prosperity. Please advise me. We represent a new issue—not a rehash of 'defeated theories' and in 1900 we can sweep the field and the roosters can crow—

DE VANY.

Accompanying the letter is much printed matter—statistics, free advice and what is termed a "gentleman's agreement and farmer's wheat trust." This letter contains the following remarkable guarantees.

1. Its object is to control American surplus wheat (less than 200,000,000 bushels), and realize full export values as profits and accumulated dividends.

2. This syndicate and trust will establish increased wheat acreage from 56 million acres of 60 cent wheat of 1898-99 to 112 million acres of one-dollar wheat for six years.

3. To banking members we guarantee an investment of $300,000,000 to $1,850,000,000 annually at 6 per cent. interest for six years on warehouse receipts of wheat.

4. To factory members we guarantee the exclusive sale and exchange of their factory output to value of $300,000,000 to $1,200,000,000 annually for six years.

5. To trust farmers we guarantee to supply them with plantation goods, wares, etc., and take wheat at one dollar per bushel, standard value, for six years; or will advance cash at 85 per cent. of open market value and carry wheat through trust banks, and realize dividends and profits to trust farmers.

De Vany closes with the following rallying cry:

"Ex Gen. Prosperity is quietly resting at Hot Springs, Va. De Vany alone is battling for one dollar wheat in behalf of eight million American farmers.

"What organization is necessary? farmers are asking. Hold your wheat. Advise exery farmer in your section to hold wheat. If you need cash De Vany will advance cash. If you need goods, De Vany accepts wheat at one dollar per bushel today, tomorrow—any day for six years. Notify your friend, De Vany, then in 1900 remember to vote for De Vany as your President and loyal friend."

**News of Interest.**

Mayor Woodward, of Atlanta, whose resignation was asked for by the city council, has declined to relinquish his office.

The yellow fever epidemic is practically at an end. The quarantine established by Newport News against Hampton and vicinity was raised last night, following a conference between the health boards of Newport News, Richmod, Norfolk and Hampton, with the State board of health and representatives of the marine hospital service.

The record of the scourge to this date shows a total of forty-three cases, of which eleven resulted fatally. Twelve cases were discharged as cured and twenty convalescents remain in the hospital at the soldiers' home.

**Spain's Greatest Need.**

Mr. R. P. Olivia, of Barcelona, Spain, spends his winters at Aiken, S. C. Weak nerves had caused severe pains in the back of his head. On using Electric Bitters, America's greatest Blood and Nerve Remedy, all pain soon left him. He says this grand medicine is what his country needs. All America knows that it cures liver and kidney trouble, purifies the blood, tones up the stomach, strengthens the nerves, puts vim, vigor and new life into every muscle, nerve and organ of the body. If weak, tired or ailing you need it. Every bottle guaranteed, only 50 cents. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son., druggists.


CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*


**Echoes of the Sale.**

One of the most prominent tobacco men here Thursday from Virginia, after reading the OBSERVER's account of Thursday's sale, said that it was refreshing to read a true account of a tobacco break—that it was one of the few newspapers he had known to give an impartial account of a local sale without color or exageration. This gentleman will not have to live here long to find out that the OBSERVER makes it a point to give unbiased news.

Though the warehouse officials have not yet footed up the exact average price, they say that it will certainly be from 6 to 6 1-2 cents, and this for sand lugs and scraps.

The Lumberton Robesonion gives the official result of the big break there last week as follows:

Now as to last week's sales. They were bigger and better than expected by the most ardent friend of the warehouse, being more than twice as large as the sales of any other week in the history of our market. The sales each day, together with the price paid for the tobacco, is given below:

| DAY. | POUNDS. | PRICE. |
|---|---|---|
| Tuesday, | 40,043 | $2,409.45 |
| Wednesday, | 17,405 | 952 75 |
| Thursday, | 16,910 | 838 02 |
| Friday, | 20,476 | 1,053.21 |
| Saturday, | 9,582 | 472.35 |
| Total, | 104,416 | $5,719.78 |

A comparison of the figures shows that the price paid for the tobacco was approximately 5 1-2 cents a pound. And every pound of tobacco sold was either sand lugs or scrap, the very lowest grades made by our farmers. There may be other places at which these prices can be beaten, but if there is such a place we don't know it, nor do we believe that it can be found. It is our candid, honest opinion that the price was fully what the tobacco was worth.

Fayetteville is such a place, and further we can say that, of the 30,000 pounds sold yesterday, there was not a pound the sale of which was not confirmed by the seller. A remarkable showing.

**Island of Montserrat Devastated.**

By cable to the Observer.

St. Thomas, August 10.—The Island of Montserrat was completely devastated Monday. All the churches, estates and villages were destroyed and one hundred killed. Many were also injured.

**Two Hundred Persons Drowned at Ponce.**

By cable to the Observer.

Ponce, Porto Rico, August 10.—The hurricane of Tuesday morning lasted till this afternoon. The rivers have flooded this town. It is estimated that two hundred persons were drowned in the town and the Port is wrecked.

**Enormous Damage by Hurricane.**

By cable to the Observer.)

Paris, August 10.—Advices from the Island of Guadaloupe say that the hurricane did enormous damage in the interior. A number of coffee and cocoa estates were devastated and half the LeHourle suburbs were destroyed. There were a number of fatalities and twenty-three ships sunk.

**Tough Times in China.**

By cable to the Observer.)

Vancouver, Aug. 10.—The province of Canton, China, is suffering terribly from flood, famine, plague and sword. Seven thousand died at Kughow of plague, floods at Varchow destroyed the homes of thousands who are destitute and starving as the rice crop was destroyed, and ten thousand bandits are putting whole villages to the sword, burning houses and carrying loot to their strongholds.

**Open Session Tomorrow.**

By cable to the Observer.

Rennes, Aug. 11.—The Dreyfus court martial concluded its secret session this morning. Paleologue is completing his explanation of the Dossier. The court meets in open session tomorrow.

**Thousands Drowned at Ponce.**

By cable to the Observer.

Ponce, Porto Rica, August 11.—It is now plain that Ponce was the principal sufferer from the hurricane. The rivers Portegese and Canas flowed through the city, drowning thousands. Five hundred persons have already been recoverd. The town of Talaboa Juan Diaz was destroyed, only a large church edifice is left standing. There is not a drop of water at Ponce to drink. The cisterns are full of salt water from the ocean. The stench of dead bodies is awful.

**A Frightful Blunder**

Will often cause a horrible burn, scald, cut or bruise. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures old sores, fever sores, ulcers, boils, felons, corns, all skin eruptions. Best pile cure on earth. Only 25 cts. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son., druggists.

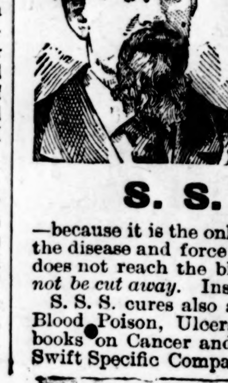
DeWitt's Little Early Risers benefit permanently. They lend gentle assistance to nature, causing no pains or weakness, permanently curing constipation and liver ailments. King Bros.

The soothing and healing properties of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, its pleasant taste and prompt and permanent cures, have made it a great favorite with the people everywhere. For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Sons.


# A SMALL SPOT MAY BE CANCER.

**MOST VIOLENT CASES HAVE APPEARED AT FIRST AS MERE PIMPLES.**

The greatest care should be given to any little sore, pimple or scratch which shows no disposition to heal under ordinary treatment. No one can tell how soon these will develop into Cancer of the worst type. So many people die from Cancer simply because they do not know just what the disease is; they naturally turn themselves over to the doctors, and are forced to submit to a cruel and dangerous operation—the only treatment which the doctors know for Cancer. The disease promptly returns, however, and is even more violent and destructive than before. Cancer is a deadly poison in the blood, and an operation, plaster, or other external treatment can have no effect whatever upon it. The cure must come from within—the last vestige of poison must be eradicated.



Mr. Wm. Walpole, of Walshtown, S. D., says: "A little blotch about the size of a pea came under my left eye, gradually growing larger, from which shooting pains at intervals ran in all directions. I became greatly alarmed and consulted a good doctor, who pronounced it Cancer, and advised that it be cut out, but this I could not consent to. I read in my local paper of a cure effected by S. S. S., and decided to try it. It acted like a charm, the Cancer becoming at first irritated, and then discharging very freely. This gradually grew less and then discontinued altogether, leaving a small scab which soon dropped off, and now only a healthy little scar remains where what threatened to destroy my life once held full sway."

Positively the only cure for Cancer is Swift's Specific—

**S. S. S. FOR THE BLOOD**

—because it is the only remedy which can go deep enough to reach the root of the disease and force it out of the system permanently. A surgical operation does not reach the blood—the real seat of the disease—because *the blood can not be cut away.* Insist upon S. S. S.; nothing can take its place.

S. S. S. cures also any case of Scrofula, Eczema, Rheumatism, Contagious Blood Poison, Ulcers, Sores, or any other form of blood disease. Valuable books on Cancer and Blood Diseases will be mailed free to any address by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Georgia.



**Be Good to Yourself**

and good to your friends.

When you treat a friend to whisky give him **THE BEST HARPER**

Whisky is the beverage for your friends and for you.


**HELP YOU SELL YOUR LANDS!**

The Department of Agriculture was authorized by the last General Assembly to advertise for owners such lands as may be offered it for sale. If you have Forest, Mineral, Farming or Trucking Lands, or Water Powers for sale, correspond with

JOHN W. THOMPSON,
Assistant Commissioner, in charge of Immigration, Raleigh, N. C.


# ICE-CREAM FREEZERS.

Our motto has always been to sell THE BEST. Acting on that we have purchased this season a stock of Lightning Freezers, because we believe they are the best.

**Try one and you will be delighted.**

# WATER COOLERS.

A Water Cooler will save you about one-half your ice and give you cool drinking water all day.

**We Have Some Beauties.**

# FISHING TACKLE.

Possibly you did not catch a lot of fish last time because you did not have good tackle. Call on us if you are going any more and you can get the right kind.

BUCKS — **HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.**



**$15.95** **ONLY ONE DOLLAR DOWN**

Cut this ad. out and send to us with $1.00 and we will send you this HIGH GRADE 1899 MODEL $50.00 VICUNA BICYCLE by express, C. O. D. subject to examination. Examine it at your express office and if you find it a genuine 1899 model HIGH GRADE $50.00 VICUNA, the grandest bargain you ever saw or heard of and you are convinced it is worth $20.00 to $25.00 more than any wheel advertised by other houses up to $25.00, pay your express agent the balance, $14.95 and express charges. THE VICUNA is covered by a binding guarantee. Frame is 22 or 24 inch, made from best seamless tubing, finest two-piece Fauber hanger, finest full ball bearings, Mason arch crown, enameled black, green or maroon, highly nickel finished, Delhi padded saddle, up or down turn handle bars, best Doyle pedals, HIGH GRADE GUARANTEED REGAL PNEUMATIC TIRES, fine leather bag, complete with all tools and repair outfit. ORDER TODAY. YOU CAN MAKE $50.00 EVERY MONTH SELLING THESE WHEELS AT $25.00. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.) CATALOGUE FREE.

SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO, ILL.



**Littleton Female College,**

LITTLETON, N. C.

Board, Laundry, full Literary Tuition and Library fee $132.00 for the entire scholastic year. To those applying in time the above charge may be reduced to $112 00 by one hour's work per day in Industrial Department.

The 17th Annual Session begins September 20th, 1899. For catalogue address
REV. J. M. RHODES, A. M., President.
july 20-w2m



**YOUR BOYS** can enjoy a HEALTHFUL and BEAUTIFUL HOME, wholesome and abundant food, plenty of shade, pure water and fresh air, Faculty of seven specialists, manly outdoor sports, gymnasium, scholarships, prizes and medals and thorough Bible, classical, scientific and business courses at the

**BINGHAM SCHOOL,**
Orange County, N. C.

For handsome catalogue, sent free, address
PRESTON LEWIS GRAY, B. L.,
Mebane, N. C.



# DAVIDSON COLLEGE,

**DAVIDSON, N. C.**

**Sixty-third year begins September 7, 1899.**

Ten professors and instructors
Courses for A. B., B. S. and A. M.
Laboratories well equipped.
Gymnasium complete.
Water Works and Baths

Classical, Mathematical, Scientific, Literary, Biblical and Medical.

☞ Send for a catalogue.

**J. B. SHEARER, President.**



**ATLANTA DENTAL COLLEGE,**

Leading School of its kind in the South. CATALOGUE FREE TO PARTIES INTERESTED.



## THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

Widest patronage and fullest equipment in its history. Faculty, 38; Students, 495; 3 Academic Courses; 3 Elective Courses; 3 Professional Schools, in Law, Medicine and Pharmacy. New Buildings, Water Works, Splendid Libraries, Laboratories, etc.

Advanced Classes open to women. Tuition, $60 a year; Board, $8 a month. Ample opportunity for self help. Scholarships and Loans for the needy. Free tuition for teachers. Summer School for Teachers, 24 Instructors, 147 Students. Total enrollment 644.

For catalogue address
PRESIDENT ALDERMAN,
Chapel Hill, N. C.



## PEACE INSTITUTE,

**RALEIGH, N. C.**

One of the best female schools in the South, and the cheapest for advantages given. Send for catalogue.

JAS. DINWIDDIE, M. A.



## TRINITY COLLEGE.

Forty-fifth year opens Wednesday, September 6th. Largest endowment of any College in the South. Completest Gymnasium in the State. Board $6.50 to $10.00 per month. Loan Scholarships for worthy young men. Young women admitted to all classes. Send for catalogue to

PRESIDENT KILGO,
Durham, N. C
june 24 1m



## The State Normal and Industrial College of North Carolina

offers to young women thorough literary, classical, scientific, and industrial education and special pedagogical training.

*Annual expenses* $90 to $130; *for non-residents of the State* $150. Faculty of 30 members. More than 400 regular students. Has matriculated about 1,700 students, representing every county in the State except one. Practice and Observation School of about 250 pupils. *To secure board in dormitories, all free-tuition applications should be made before August* 1. Correspondence invited from those desiring competent trained teachers. For catalogue and other informaiton, address

PRESIDENT McIVER,
Greensboro, N. C.
june 22-1m



## SALEM

Academy and College, for Girls and Young Women. Best home care, together with full College instruction. Specialists in Music, Art, Elocution, Languages, Commercial and Industrial Studies. Institution founded in 1802. The Register shows 328 last year. New term begins Wednesday, Sept. 6, 1899. Send for Catalogue to

REV. J. H. CLEWELL, Principal,
Salem, North Carolina.

836tw



[Founded 1880.]

## Claremont College,

**HICKORY, N. C.**

**For Girls and Young Women.**

Noted health resort. Pure mountain air and water. Ten schools in one. Chartered by the State. $400 Piano given to best music graduate. Home comforts. Faculty of 14 University men and women. Students from nearly every Southern State, also from Canada, Western and Northern States. Reasonable rates. Write for catalogue.

S. P. HATTON, A. M.,
President.



## RAEFORD MILITARY INSTITUTE,

**RAEFORD, N. C.,**

a school of high grade for

**Boys and Girls.**

Prepares for college or business. Schools of music, art and elocution. Unsurpassed in beauty of location and healthfulness of climate. Military discipline for boys. Physical culture for girls.

Full faculty of experienced teachers. Expenses small compared with advantages. Fall term opens September 5th, 1899. Apply for catalogue to

DR. A. P. DICKSON,
J. W. McLAUCHLIN or
J. W. ROBERTS, Ph. B.
Principal.
july 26-w5t



## The STATE NORMAL SCHOOL,

**Fayetteville, N. C.**

HISTORY.—This institution was established by the State Board of Education under an act of the General Assembly of 1876-'77, for the training of teachers for the colored schools of the State. It has completed twenty-two school years of nine months each, in which 997 different students, from sixty-eight counties of the State, have been enrolled.

LOCATION.—The location for health and availability is all that could be desired.

APARTMENTS.—Apartments for boys and girls will be separate, but comfortable and well appointed.

FACULTY.—The instructors consist of persons especially selected on account of their experience, thorough competency and peculiar fitness for the performance of the work assigned them.

EXPENSES.—Tuition free. Board very reasonable.

**Next Session Opens Sept. 4th.**

For further information, write the principal,

E. E. SMITH,
Fayetteville, N. C.



## CITY LUMBER YARD.

**EUGENE T. WATSON**

Dealer in Rough and Finished

**LUMBER, Flooring, Ceiling, Weatherboards,**

Door and Window-Casings, and all kinds of Mouldings, also Shingles, Laths, Lime and Hair.


## Mortgage Foreclosure.

By virtue of the power of sale made and given in a certain mortgage executed by G. H. Henderson and wife, duly registered in Cumberland county in Book V, No. 4, page 70, the following described property will be sold to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, on

**Saturday, August 26th,**

1899, at 12 o'clock M., at the Market House in Fayetteville, N. C, viz: Beginning at John H. Finlaytor's (now Shepherd's) north-west corner on Chatham street, in the town of Fayetteville, running with said street N. 14¼ W. 251 feet; thence South 64° East 257 feet to Abram Henderson's (now Dr. Patterson's) line; thence South 22° West with said line 215 feet; thence N. 64 W. 154 feet to the beginning, containing one acre more or less, being same land conveyed by B. W. Robinson to Geo. H. Henderson by deed July 12th, 1875, and recorded in Register's office, Cumberland county, Book N, No. 3, page 96.

N. A. SINCLAIR, Attorney.
July 24, 1899.

NORTH CAROLINA, Cumberland County. } In the Superior Court.

Annie Surles vs. Wesley Surles—Service of summons by publication.

The defendant above named will take notice that an action entitled as above has been commenced in the Superior Court of Cumberland County, North Carolina, the purpose of the action being to obtain a decree of divorce and dissolution of the bonds of matrimony existing between the plaintiff and defendant; and the said defendant will further take notice, that he is required to appear at the next term of the Superior court of said county, to be held at the Court House in the city of Fayetteville, on the 3rd Monday after the first Monday in September, 1899, and answer or demur to the complaint in said action, or the plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

This 20th day of May, 1899.

A. A. McKETHAN,
Clerk of the Superior Court.
By C G. CAIN, Deputy C. S. C.
H. L. Cook, Attorney.
may 20 oaw6t

## Administrator's Notice.

The undersigned, having qualified as Administrator of the estate of W. Douglas Smith, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present them on or before the 17th of June, 1900. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment.

J. W. PURDIE, Adm'r
of W. Doug. Smith.
June 17, 1899.-oaw6t

## Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as administrator of the estate of Eliza Reddick, deceased, late of Cumberland county, N. C, this is to notify all persons having claims against the said estate to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 21st day of July, 1900, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment.

This 21st day of July 1899.

ED. C. SMITH,
H. L. COOK, Att'y.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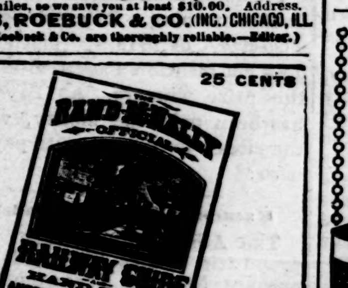


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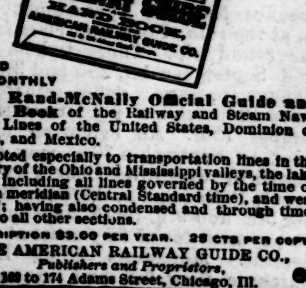


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ONEIDA........................ Saturday Aug. 5
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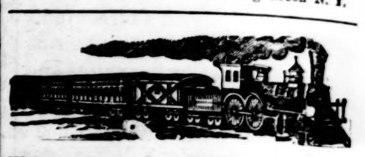

## Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road

**AND BRANCHES**

**AND A. C. L. RAILROAD COMPANY OF SOUTH CAROLINA.**

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

**TRAINS GOING SOUTH.**

| DATED July 31, 1899. | No 23, Daily. | No 35, Daily. | No. 103 D'ly ex Sunday | No 41, Daily. | No 49, Daily. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | A. M. | P. M. | P. M. | A. M. | P. M |
| Leave Weldon | 11 50 | 9 43 | | | |
| Ar Rocky Mt. | 12 55 | 10 36 | | | |
| Leave Tarboro | 12 21 | | 6 00 | | |
| Lv Rocky Mt. | 1 00 | 10 36 | 6 45 | 5 40 | 12 52 |
| Leave Wilson | 1 58 | 11 14 | 7 10 | 6 20 | 2 40 |
| Leave Selma | 2 55 | 11 57 | | | |
| Lv Fayetteville | 4 30 | 1 10 | | | |
| Ar Florence | 7 25 | 3 15 | | | |
| | P. M. | A. M. | | | |
| Ar Goldsboro | ...... | ...... | 7 50 | ...... | ...... |
| Lv Goldsboro | ...... | ...... | | 7 01 | 3 21 |
| Lv Magnolia | ...... | ...... | | 8 09 | 4 25 |
| Ar Wilmington | ...... | ...... | | 9 40 | 5 50 |
| | | | P. M. | A. M. | P. M |

**TRAINS GOING NORTH.**

| | No 78 Daily. | No. 102, D'ly ex Sunday. | No 32, Daily. | No 40 Daily. | No 48 Daily. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | A. M. | | P. M. | | |
| Lv Florence | 9 40 | | 7 45 | | |
| Lv Fayetteville | 12 20 | | 9 45 | | |
| Leave Selma | 1 50 | | 10 54 | | |
| Arrive Wilson | 2 [illegible]5 | | 11 31 | | |
| | | A. M. | | P. M. | A. M. |
| Lv Wilmington | | | | 7 00 | 9 45 |
| Lv Magnolia | | | | 8 34 | 11 19 |
| Lv Goldsboro | | 5 15 | | 9 45 | 12 31 |
| | P. M. | | A. M. | P. M | P. M. |
| Leave Wilson | 2 35 | 5 43 | 11 31 | 10 28 | 1 16 |
| Ar Rocky Mt. | 3 30 | 6 15 | 12 07 | 11 35 | 1 53 |
| Ar Tarboro | | 7 04 | | | |
| Leave Tarboro | 12 21 | | | | |
| Lv Rocky Mt. | 3 30 | | 12 09 | | |
| Arrive Weldon | 4 32 | | 1 00 | | |
| | P. M. | | A. M | P. M. | |

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Yadkin Division Main Line—train leaves Wilmington, 9 00 a. m, arrives Fayetteville 12.15 p. m. Leaves Fayetteville 12.25 p. m, arrives Sanford 1.43 p. m. Returning leave Sanford 2.30 p. m, arrive Fayetteville 3.45 p. m. Leave Fayetteville 3.50 p. m, arrive Wilmington 6.50 p. m.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—train leaves Bennettsville 8.15 a. m, Maxton 9 20 a. m, Red Springs 9.53 a. m, Hope Mills 10.42 a. m, arrive Fayetteville 10.50. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 p. m, Hope Mills 4.55 p. m, Red Springs 5.35 p. m, Maxton 6.15 p. m, arrives Bennettsville 7.15 p. m.

Connections at Fayetteville with train No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3:35 P M, Halifax 4:15 P M, arrives Scotland Neck at 5:08 P M, Greenville 6:57 P M., Kinston 7.55 P M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 A M., Greenville 8:52 A M. Arriving Halifax at 11:18 A M, Weldon 11.33 A M, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:10 A. M., and 2:30 P. M., arrive Parmele 9:10 A. M., and 4:00 P. M., returning leave Parmele 9:35 A. M. and 6:30 P. M., arrive Washington 11:00 A. M., and 7:30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, daily except Sunday at 5:30 P M, Sunday, 4:15 P M, arrives Plymouth 7:40 P M, 6:10 P M; Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 A M, and Sunday 9:00 A M, arrives Tarboro 10:05 A M., 11:00 A M.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 7:05 A M, arriving Smithfield 8:10 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 9:00 A. M; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 A M.

Trains on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A M, 3:40 p. m, arrives Nashville 10:10 A. M., 4:03 P. M, Spring Hope 10:40 a. m, 4:25 P. M. Returning leave Spring Hope 11.00 A M, 4:55 P. M, Nashville 11:22 A. M, 5:25 P. M, arrive Rocky Mount 11 45 A. M, 6:00 P. M, daily, except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 11 40 A M. and 4:15 P M. Returning leaves Clinton at 7:00 A M., and 2:50 A. M.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points north daily, all rail via Richmond.

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